

Dr. K.V. Subba Reddy Institute of Pharmacy

(Approved by AICTE, P.C.I. New Delhi & Permanently Affiliated to JNTUA Anantapuramu, MOU with Government General Hospital & KMC, Kurnool)

Opp: Dupadu R.S., N.H - 44, KURNOOL - 518 218, A.P. INDIA.

E-mail: principalkvsrip@gmail.com www.drkvsrip.ac.in

Principal /	Correspondent	
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2.3 Student centric methods such as experiential learning, participative learning and problem solving methodologies are used for enhancing learning experiences and teachers used ICT Enabled tools including online resources for effective teaching and learning process (AY:2020-21)

INDEX

S. No	Description	Page No
1	Sample Copy of LCD Projector	2
2	Sample Copy of chalk and board	3
3	Sample Copy of LCD projector used classes	3-4
4	Sample Copy of online teaching	5-6
5	Sample Copy of blended teaching	7
6	Sample Copy of Edu blogs	8
7	Sample Copy of industrial training& internship	9-13
8	Sample Copy of hands on learning	14
9	Sample Copy of assignment	15-16
10	Sample Copy of innovative model making	17
11	Sample Copy of project based learning	18-116
12	Sample copy of case study learning	117-122
13	Sample Copy of E-learning	123-129
14	Sample Copy of workshop & guest lectures	130
15	Sample Copy of pharmacy seminars	131
16	Sample Copy of group discussion& debates	132-138
17	Sample Copy of bridge courses	139-144
18	Sample Copy of remedial classes	145-174
19	Sample Copy of lab sessions	175-178
20	Sample copy of quiz	179-180
21	Sample copy of think pair share	181-182
22	Sample copy of club activities	183
23	Sample copy of problem solving methods	184-185
24	Sample copy of virtual labs	186-187



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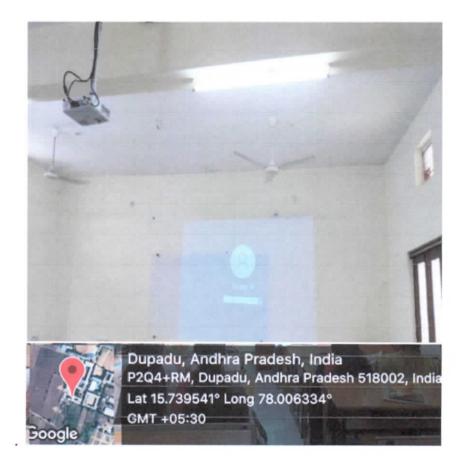
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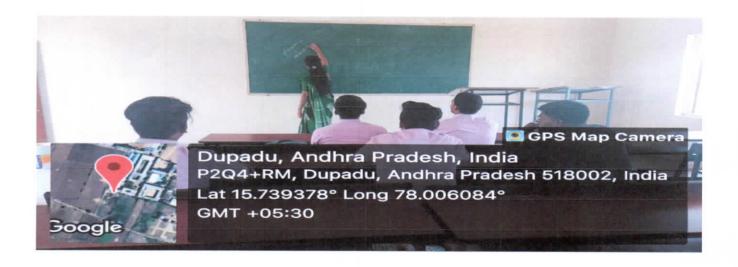
LCD PROJECTOR:

Spacious, well –lit and well –ventilated classrooms and seminar hall [with ICT] with comfortable seating arrangement are available for smooth conduct of UG and PG theory sessions. Besides the conventional teaching aids, classrooms are also equipped with state-of-the-art audiovisual technology viz. digital smart board, LCD Projectors, thus stepping up the teaching-learning experience to next higher level. Well –thought positioning of aisle in the classroom ensure proper interaction between teacher and students



The list of various ICT enabled pedagolocial initiatives used by the faculty members for improving teaching and learing experience are as follows:

Chalk and board: To convey basics, critical information, backgrounds, theories



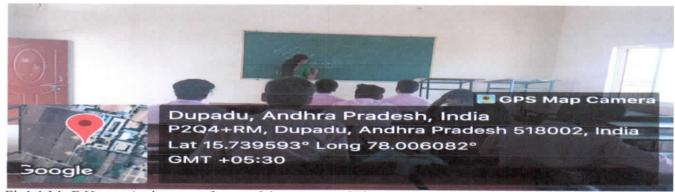


Fig1.1:Ms.E.Honey Assistant professor of department of Pharmacology explaining about concept of Anemia Disorder for B.Pharm I year students of pharmacy using chalk and board.



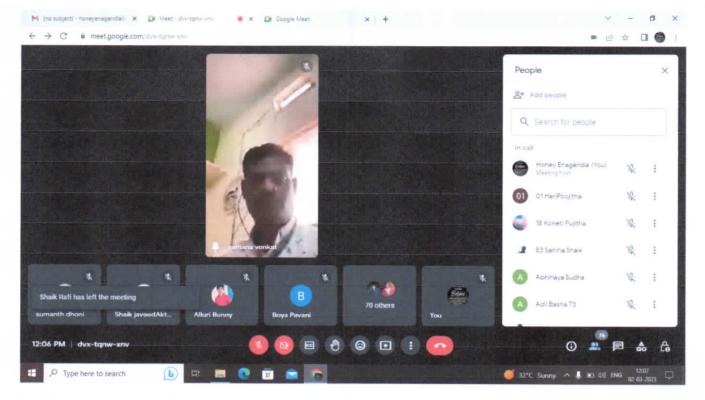
Fig: 1.2. Mr. Naganjenulu, Assistant professor of department of Pharmacognosy explains the concepts of Herbal Drug Technology using LCD projector.

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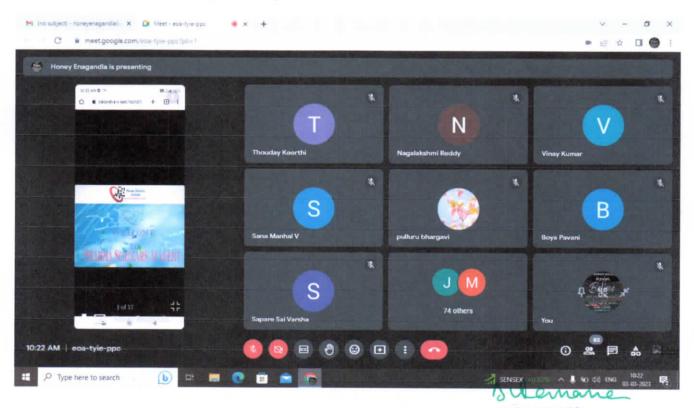


Fig 1.3 Mr.Gopal Krishna Assistant professor of department of Pharmaceutical Chemistry explaining about Source of Impurities in Pharmaceutical Inorganic Chemistry for Pharm.D I year students of pharmacy using chalk and board.

ORALV.S.R.C. MPIOTO 4 BB 378964 OPB: Dupadu R.S. N.H. 44, KURNOOL-518218 (A.P.)



Dr.B.V. Ramana sir, Department of pharmaceutics explaining about spray dryer to B.Pharm II Year students by using Google meet platform.



Dr. K.P. S. P. Schede of Physics y Const. Cupado R. S. N. 1994. STERNOOL 548248764.2)



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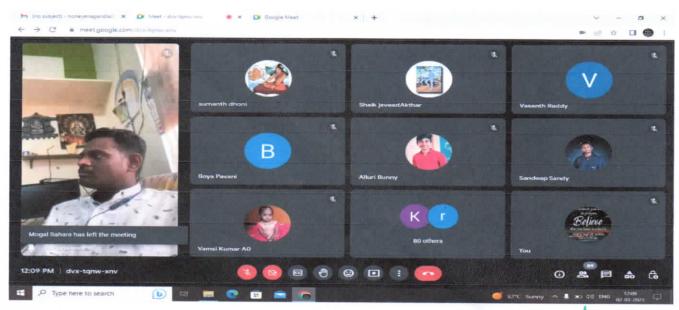
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ONLINE TEACHING:

Especially during Covid-19 pandemic situation made a swift transition from classroom to online teaching by using platforms like Google meet, Google classroom, ZOOM, CISCO, WEB-EX, and You tube.







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Date :

BLENDED TEACHING:

Teaching aid techniques such as video lectures and PowerPoint presentations are being used for the implementation of active learning strategies such as collaborative and individual learning activities.



Dr. K. Chandra sekhar sir Department of pharmaceutical Chemistry explaining synthesing & SAR of benzodiazepines to Pharm.D III Year students



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Date : EDU-BLOGS: Faculty blogs and channels are used as instructional potential of online resources to students.

■ (B)	Q learning	0	② !!!
Ramana Venkata	W Notices (1)		
+ NEW POST	European Union Tains sequine you till give European Union visitors Information about conce allos regista you'to obtain consent.	s ward and data collected on you	
Posts	All is counting, we have added a notice on your troy to explain Google's use of certain Blog Additional cooklets, and other data collected by Google	ger and Google cookies, include	g use of Google Analytics and
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iu Stats Comments	You are exponsible for confirming this notice actually works for your plop, and that it displayed the time that more may not work for you, if you worked functionally from other provides	lies. If you amplify other coolers	for example by adding third garty collected from pipe upons.
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Comments	You are responsible for conficuling this notice actuarly works for your plop, and that it disclered the stock may not work for you. If you worked functionally from other provides Learn more stock that notice and your responsibilities.	lies. If you employ officer cookies there may be extra influmiation.	for example by adding time party collected from year users.
Comments Earnings Pages	You are expossible for confirming this notice actually works for your plop, and that it displements that notice may not work for you. If you worked functionally from other provious	les. If you employ other cookes there may be extra information.	for example by adding third party collected from your scient. MANAGE
Comments Earnings Pages	You are responsible for conficuling this notice actuarly works for your plop, and that it disclered the stock may not work for you. If you worked functionally from other provides Learn more stock that notice and your responsibilities.	les. If you employ other coolies there may be e-the inflamation.	MANAGE
Comments S Earnings Pages Layout	You are responsible for conforming this notice actually works for your plogs and that it disclines that notice may not work for you, if you works functionally from other provious Limits more about this nutice and your responsibilities. All (1)	les. If you employ other cookes there may be extra influentation.	collected from your users.







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INDUSTRIAL TRAINING 03/06/2021-15/06/2021

Date :

Industrial training, where a student undertakes a period of training at an organization usually during a semester break, acts as an important part in preparing the student for a professional career. With the actively involved preparation, the student learns about the industrial demands, skill set and work ethics.

Every year students experience industrial training as per the syllabus prescribed in JNTUA and gain knowledge of various departments like Formulation and research department (FR&D) i.e., Manufacturing of Tablets, capsules and injection preparations etc., Quality Assurance, Quality control, Clinical research, Drug regulatory affairs, Hospital Pharmacy etc. as such III year B.Pharmacy students have visited SANZYME HEALTH CARE PROFESSIONAL Pashamylaram, sangareddy, Telangana-502307, ANLOG PHARMA, Hyderabad, Telangana-5000 72, India and received hands on experience about industry affairs.









TO WHOM SO EVER IT MAY CONCERN

This is to certify that Mr. B.MADHUSUDHAN(17ER1R0059) S/O B.VENKATAIAH is bonafied student of DR.K.V.SUBBAREDDY INSTITUTE OF PHARMACY, KURNOOL. He has undergone industrial training in our organization from 03.06.2021 to 15.06.2021 as part of partial fulfillment of his B. Pharmacy course.

During the training, he had interacted with Quality control, Quality Assurance & Production departments and acquired basic knowledge in these areas.

During this aforesaid period, we found hIS hard working, sincere and learning attitude

For KRISHCARE FORMULATIONS

Managing Partner

Migdie No. 1 RR AP 2011 F C.

11-6-56/2/25, Opp. IDPL Factory, Balanagar, Hyderabad - 500 037.

Cell +91-9959666898 Telefax 040-23060195 Email: kashcareR@vahos.com





TO WHOM SO EVER IT MAY CONCERN

This is to certify that Ms .D.SHABHANA (17ER1R0065) D/O D.CHAND BASHA is bonafied student of DR.K.V.SUBBAREDDY INSTITUTE OF PHARMACY, KURNOOL. She has undergone industrial training in our organization from 03.06.2021 to 15.06.2021 as part of partial fulfillment of his B. Pharmacy course.

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Cell: +91-9959666898 Telefax: 040-23060195 Final Intercommendation

Opp: Dupadu R.S. N.H.-44.

KURNOOL-518218 (A.P.)





TO WHOM SO EVER IT MAY CONCERN

This is to certify that Ms. K. YASHODA (17ER1R0075) D/O K.SHANKARAIAH is bonafied student of DR.K.V.SUBBAREDDY INSTITUTE OF PHARMACY, KURNOOL. She has undergone industrial training in our organization from 03.06.2021 to 15.06.2021 as part of partial fulfillment of his B. Pharmacy course.

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TO WHOM SO EVER IT MAY CONCERN

This is to certify that Ms. G.AKHILA REDDY (17ER1R0069) D/O G.RAMMOHAN REDDY is bonafied student of DR.K.V.SUBBAREDDY INSTITUTE OF PHARMACY, KURNOOL. She has undergone industrial training in our organization from 03.06.2021 to 15.06.2021 as part of partial fulfillment of his B. Pharmacy course.

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PRINCIPAL

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Date :



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Princi	pal /	Corres	pondent
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INTERNSHIP:

DEPARTMENT OF PHARM.D

STUDENTS INTERNSHIP REPORT

Academic Year: 2015-21

Batch: 2015

Internship Title:

The Pharm.D institutions are aligned with adjacent hospitals in order to provide real-time training including ward rounds. Students are acknowledged with practical in clinical pharmacy and medical pharmacy. After completion of the course, students are gained with the skills in diagnosis, therapeutic usage of drugs, treatment and selection of diseases.

Internship Period: 12-06-2015 to 27-06-2016

Company/ Organization: Kurnool General Hospital, Kurnool

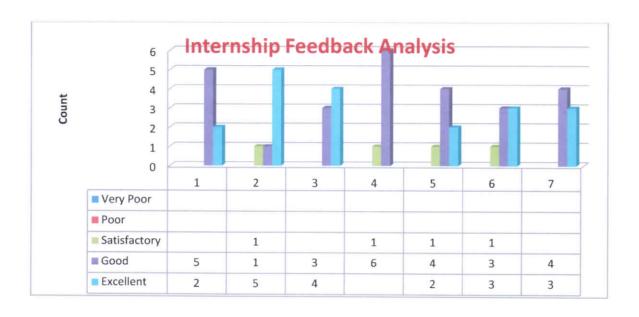
Students Feedback:

	FACTORS ON FEEDBACK	Very Poor	Poor	Satisfactory	Good	Excellent
FACTO	OR: WARD ROUNDS					
1.	The tasks given are related to the subjects that I have learned in the institution.				5	2
2.	The tasks given are Challenging and testing your mettle.			1	1	5
3.	The tasks given were able to complete within the given duration.				3	4
FACTO	OR: CLINICAL AND MEDICAL PHA	RMACY SKI	LLS			
4.	The work environment is suitable for training of industrial trainee.			1	6	
5.	The colleagues provide good support and respective of industrial trainees.			1	4	2
FACTO	OR: IN DIAGNOSIS SKILLS					
6.	The training attended has prepared me well to work in the industry in terms of knowledge.			1	3	3
7.	The overall learning in the institution had helped me to go through industrial training with confidence.				4	3



DESCRIPTION OF STREET OF STREET

ACTO	OR: THERAPEUTIC USAGE OF THE DRUGS			
8	The training attended has prepared me well to work in the industry in terms of knowledge.	1	3	3
9	The overall learning in the institution had helped me to go through industrial training with confidence.			43



Impact Analysis:

The Internship help the students in the following ways.

- ✓ All the students got Valuable Work Experience
- ✓ Students can present papers in journals/conferences.
- Students can get placements in Companies.
- ✓ Students can easily choose right career.
- ✓ They will also get multiple Job opportunities.

HOD

Vaibhav Educational Society's Dr. K.V. SUBBA REDDY INSTITUTE OF PHARMACY

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This is no certify that Mr/Ms M. Harish atthe

15th Real No. 15 ERITO005 has necessfully completed his her internship as per
the curriculum of Pharm. D. (Doctor of Pharmacy) prescribed under the equilation 16 and.

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General Hargard, Kurnool from 2011 2020 to 30 (4) 2021 and it must Calles factory

DEPMEMENT	HYSLECTARIOS HS 2005 HSC
GENERAL MEDICINE	A mountle
PEDIATRICS	2 months.
GESTRAL SURGERY	2 months
ORTHOPEDICS	2 months







Vaibhav Educational Society's

Dr. K.V. SUBBA REDDY INSTITUTE OF PHARMACY

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Gertificate for Internship



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DEPARTMENT	107ALDEBUTION (IN MOSTRIA)
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PERATRICS	2 montes
GENERAL SURGERY	2 mountles
ORTHOPERIES	2 months

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Gertificate for Internship



This is to certify that MeMs. Ganeshina Vijaya Bharathi with the Read No. 15ER 170016 has mecentrally completed his two internally as per the curriculum of Pharma Photon of Pharmacy presented, under the regulation to and Appendix C of Pharma Photon of Pharmacy Connect of India (PC). New Delbit and Januariashil Notice Technological Conversity Anantague (ENTUR), Anantagueans at Government General Mountal Kurnoof from 20[1]2040 to 30[4]2041 and it was Excellent.

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GENERAL MEDICINE	A months
PERISTRES	I seembe
GENERAL SURGERY	2 ments
ORTHOPEDICS	2 months







Dr. K.V. SUBBA REDDY INSTITUTE OF PHARMACY

Moli mitr (inventional General Hopital KMC Karnool 164 44, Opp Dupadu Railway Steper, Lakermepuram (Post Kurnool - 518218 (A.P.) MSIA

Gertificate for Internship



This is to certify that MeOM. Roddom Mountsa with

14d Rodd No. 156R1T0004 has successfully completed his his intermining as per

the currenteen of Pharm 31 Mounts of Pharmacy) prescribed under the engalation 16 and

Appendix (1) of Pharm D. Regulations-2008 of Pharmacy Connect of India PCT1 New Delhi and

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General Nooptid, Kurneel from 20112020 to 30142021 and it was Catingathery

DEPARTMENT	JUST MONTHS		
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PERIATRICS	2 months		
GENERAL SURGERY	2 months		
ORTHOPEDICS	2 mountles		

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Principal / Correspondent

Date :

HANDS - ON LEARNING

B. Pharmacy, Pharm.D & Pharm.D (PB) and M. Pharmacy students gain knowledge in theory by taking part in the pragmatic learning in various laboratories located within the institute. Faculty has designed various experiments according to the syllabus assigned by the JNTUA. Students gain practical awareness through live activities and handling the instruments such as Pharmaceutical Analysis instruments operation UV – Visible Spectrophotometry, HPLC, Pharmacology laboratory experiments with animals, and Pharmaceutical Chemistry etc.,



III Pharm.D students learning about Tablet Preparation in the Pharmaceutics Lab



I/II B.Pharmacy student learning about microscopic examination of blood in Human anatomy & physiology Pharmaceutical Laboratory.

Date :



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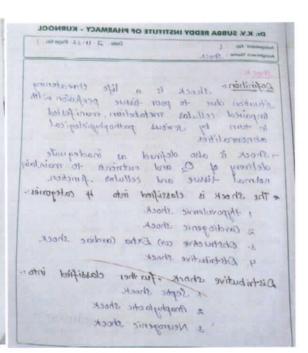
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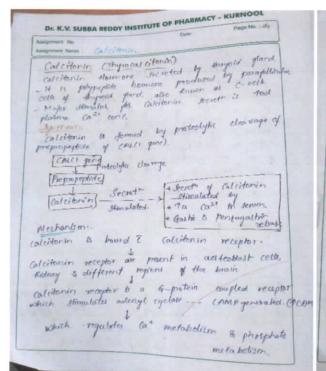
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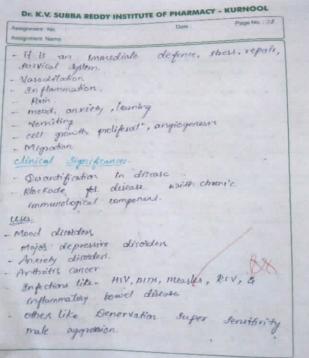
ASSIGNMENTS

Assignments are the part of the internal examination evaluation process, in which would be immense value as additional learning instruments. Many types of assignments can be given to students of all such as essays, literature reviews, critical reviews, reflective journals, annotated bibliographies and case studies, depends upon the need and learning situations. It implies a task for students to accomplish the aim of learning particular contents, concepts or relationships etc., in this text, learning assignments involve students' independent information seeking and use of a wide range of information resources which are available for them. So every semester/year students are assigned with 2 or 3 topics per each subject regarding to their syllabus and asked to gather more relevant information. Allotment of marks to students is given according to their task completion. Through this student are enriched with knowledge regarding of topic, proof reading of and presentation techniques.

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Date :

INNOVATIVE MODEL MAKING:

Students are guided to prepare scientific models through Pharma Expo. The main aim of conducting Pharma Expo is to integrate knowledge within a course, a major, or across an entire Program of study to associate the concepts. This enables students to understand and remember the relationship among various concepts, structures or species.





Model making competition conducted by S.Rajesh Department of pharmacy practice in 2020







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Principal / Correspondent

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PROJECT BASED LEARNING:

Project based learning is a teaching method were students gain knowledge and skill by working for an extended period of time to investigate and respond to an authentic, engaging and complex questions, problems or challenges. It is not only provides opportunities for students to collaborate with or drive their own learning, but also teaches those skills such as problem solving and helps to develop additional skills integral to their future such as critical thinking and time management. So every year IV B. Pharmacy, V year Pharm.D and II year M. Pharmacy students are allotted with a project under the supervision/guidance of faculty to be completed within an academic year. Marks are allotted to projects according to their performance, project results, presentation and viva-voice. Research and review articles of their projects are published by students in various national and international journals.

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Princi	pal /	Corres	pond	ent

Date :

B.PHARMACY PROJECT TITLES(AY:20-21)

BATC H	REG.NO	NAME OF THE STUDENT	GUIDE	THE STREET STREET	
	17ER1R0001	A C SAMEENA AFREEN	GUIDE	PROJECT TITLE	DEPARTMENT
	17ER1R0002	A SUNITHA	DR.G.NAGARAJAN		
	17ER1R0003	BAIGADDA SUMALATHA	-		0
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	17ER1R0008	BOYA PRAVEENKUMAR	-	GEL OF	01
	17ER1R0005			ACECLOFENACFORMULATIONS&	PHARMACEUTIC
	17ER1R0006	BANDAGATTU ANUSHA	Dr.B.V.RAMANA		
	17ER1R0007	BEGARI MANJULA	_	ANTI HELMINTHIC ACTIVITY OF	
	17ER1R0009	BOINI RAJYA LAKSHMI		ETHANOLIC EXTRACTION	10. Q
	17ER1R0012	BOYA VIDYAVANI		TABERNAEMONTANA DIVARICATA	1507
		CHAKALI SREEKANTH		FLOWER	PHARMACOLOG
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	17ER1R0013	LAKSHMIDEVI		Part tal a tropico musto	
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	17ER1R0014	RAJAKUMARI		COMORBID FACTORS ON FORMATION	PHARMACOLOG
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	17ER1R0022	GOLLA MADHU SHEKAR		31001	
	17ER1R0023	GOLLAKODIGI PRADEEP			
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	17ER1R0018	DASARI VANAJA			
		DASHAVATH		DESIGN	
	17ER1R0019	PRAVALLIKA		SYNTHESIS&CHARACTERISATION OF	
	17ER1R0027	GURRALA ASHOK		FLUROSCENT PROBES FOR	
		GURRALA		HYDRAZINE SENSING IN SOLUTION	
	17ER1R0028	MADHUSUDHANA		PHASE	DUADMACOLOGI
	17ER1R0020	GANDLA SWATHI	Dr.K.CHANDRASEKH	1.11100	PHARMACOLOG
	17ER1R0021	GATTU MAMATHA	AR		
	17ER1R0024	GORUVA MAMATHA		: Design and Synthesis of Fluorescent Probes	
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	17ER1R0031	KAMARTHI SREEDHAR			
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	17ER1R0029	HARITHA M			
		KANCHARLA NAVEEN		CIMIL TANEOUS FORD CARROLON	
	17ER1R0032	GOUD		SIMULTANEOUS ESTIMATIONOF	
		MALLEPOGU HARI		APIXABAN &CLOPIDOGREL IN BULK&PHARMACEUTICAL DOSAGR	
	17ER1R0036	KRISHNA		FORM BY DRIBLE AFTHOR	***
[]	17ER1R0033	KOMPALLI KALYANI	Mrs.K.SARA SIRISHA	FORM BY RP-HPLC METHOD	PH.ANALYSIS
	17ER1R0034	KOOSURU AKHILA	MISIKISHIA SIKISHA		
	17ER1R0035	KURUVA GEETHANJALI		: Simultaneous estimation of atazanavir and	
	17ER1R0038	MOOLINTI IRFAN BASHA		cobicistat in bulk and pharmaceutical dosage	
		NENAVATH HEMANTH		from by RP-HPLC method	
	17ER1R0040	NAIK			PHARMACEUTIC
II	17ER1R0037	MASAPOGU PRATHIBHA	VENUMADHURI		L ANALYSIS
	17ER1R0039	NAMALA RAJAMMA	YENUWADRUKI	193	
		PAGIDI VASANTHA			
	17ER1R0041	KUMARI			
		PASEDDULA SATEESH			
	17ER1R0043	KUMAR		: Invitro Screening Of Antacid activity of	
	17ER1R0046			Ethanol and Aqueous Extract of Carica	
	17ER1R0046	SATHRI SUNDAR RAJU PAKKIRI SHABANA	DA (OHA): PER	papaya leaves by Rosette rice Method	PHARMACOLOGY
	17ER1R0042	RAMAVATH AKHILA	R.MOHANA PRIYA		
	17ER1R0045				
	17ER1R0045	SAKE SAI TEJA SHAIK MEHATAZ		ANALYTICAL METHOD DEVEOPMENT	
	1/1/1/1/1/004/	SHAIK MEHATAZ SHAIK SHAKEER		&VALIDATION OF TENELIGLIPTINE IN	DLI ANAL VOIC
	17ER1R0049			PURE FORM BY USING UV	PH.ANALYSIS
	17ER1R0049	AHAMMAD TALARI SAI KRISHNA		SPECTROSCOPY	
	1/LKIK0031		D. W. M. L. G. C.	tiller	nemer
	17ER1R0048	SHAIK NIKHATH FAHEEM	P.T.NAGARAJU		
	17ER1R0048			PHARMACOGNOSTICAL PRIN	CIPAL
	17ER1R0050	SHARABU TEJASWINI		PHY IUCHEMICAL&ANTI MICRORIAL CO	title of Lilation
	17ER1R0053	TELUGU SREELATHA		ACTIVITY OF ADIANTUM CAPILLUS.	PHARMACOCKIO
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	17ER1R0053	The second section of the second seco			
XI	17ER1R0055				
241			RINAGANJANEYULI		
	17ER1R0057	AMMINENI AMRUTHA			
	17ER1R0060				
	17ER1R0056	YEDDULA RAM		V-1970-1-1970	
	The second secon	TATALACTICAL TATALACTICAL AND		INVESTIGATION OF INVITRO ANTI	1
XII	17ER1R0058			FIELMINITHIC POTENTIAL MOD	1
SAIL	17ER1R0064	CHALLA MOUNICA	E.HONEY	PANDANUS ODORASTISSIMUS ROXI	B PHARMACOLOGY
	17ER1R0065		- Caroner		
	17ER1R0066	G.SAI DHARANI			
	10000	BAPANAPALLE MADHU			
	17ER1R0059	SUDHANA			
		SYED MD ASADULLA	-	INVESTIGATION OF INVITED ANTI	CK CK
70000	17ER1R0061	KHADRI		HELMINTHIC POTENTIAL OF	
XIII	17ER1R0067	GITTAIAH HEMALATHA	S.KUSUMA KUMARI	PANDANUS ODORATTIMUS	PHARMACOLOGY
	17ER1R0068	GUDIPATI SUPRIYA	_ S.KUSUMA KUMARI		LUARONACOLOGY
		GUTTAPATI AKHILA		to the second se	
	17ER1R0069	REDDY			
		BOMMAKA BHARGAVA	-		
	17ER1R0062	REDDY			<
	17ER1R0063	BOYA ANAND			
XIV	17ER1R0070	K.E.ROOPASRI		4	
		KANAMARLAPUDI	C.RENUKA	INSILICO-	
	17ER1R0071	KATHYANI	TEJASWINI	SYNTHESIS, CHARACTERISATION OF	
		KAIIIIANI		NITRO-ANILINE	
		КОТНАКОТА		CHAICONES&REDUCED	
	17ER1R0073	PADMAVATHI		MICHALEADDUCTS NITRO ANILINE	
XV	17ER1R0072	KATEGAR VIJAY		CHALCONES	DVI COLUMN
	11110072	KUMMARI NAGA		S. M. M. OORES	PH.CHEMISTRY
	17ER1R0074	MAHESH			
	17ER1R0075				
	Z. Zitirtoo73	KUMMARI YASHODA			
	17ER1R0076	KURAGAYALA KRISHNA PRIYANKA			
	17ER1R0078	TRITANKA	P.NAVYA KRISHNA		
	17ER1R0077	MAKA SHRAVANI			
	TIERTROUT/	KURUVA LAZER			
	17ER1R0081	MITHAI MAHABOOB			
XVI		BASHA			
A.V.I	17ER1R0079	MANIYAR HEENA	D.MANASA		
	17ER1R0080	MIDHE JYOTHI		-	
	170010000	MURAM VIJAYA			
	17ER1R0082	BHARATHI			
	Inches	NANDIPATI UDAY			
	17ER1R0085	KUMAR REDDY			
	170010000	SHAIK MOHAMMED		EODMIII ATTOMA	
VIII	17ER1R0088	IMRAN		FORMULATION & EVALUATION OF	
VII	17ER1R0083	N.SAI BHAVANA	R.RENUKA DEVI	HERBAL FOOT CRACK CREAM	PHARMACEUTICS
	17ER1R0084	NADIGADDA RESHMA	- CANTED VI		
	17ER1R0086	P.JYOTHI			
		SHAIK MOHAMMED			
	17ER1R0089	NAJEEM BASHA		INVITRO SCREENING OF	
	17ER1R0090	SHAIK RASHID BASHA		ANTACID&CARMINATIVE ACTIVITY	PHARMACY
VIII	17ER1R0087	PUTTA SRAVANI	S.IRFANA	OF CRASSUIAOVATA	PRACTICE
	17ER1R0091	SHAIK SHAMA PRAVEEN	S.IKI'ANA		1000
	17ER1R0093	SUMAYA SHIREEN			1
	17ER1R0092	SHEIK SHAVALI			
	17ER1R0095	SYED YOUNIS			100
X	17ER1R0094	SYED BUSHER ANJUM	Character		00
	17ER1R0097	TAMATAM SHIREESHA	S.PARVEEN		
	17ER1R0098	THOGATA ANUSHA			
	17ER1R0096	T.MOHAMMED			
	18ER5R0001				
<	323770001	A.HEMASAGAR		p=	
	17ER1R0099	AIREDDY NAGA			
	211110099	KEERTHANA			
	17ER1R0100	HARDAGERI TALARI			
	18ER5R0002	SUDHARANI	S.RAJESH RAJA		[1]
	17ER1R0011	JAYANTHI ANANDA SAI		EVALUATION OF FLOATING IN-SITU	
		BUKKE SUMAN NAIK			,
	17ER1R0016	DANDU MADHUSUDHAN		GEL OF	





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PHARM.D V/VI PROJECT LISTS (AY:20-21)

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11	16ER1T0013	M.SAI DEEPIKA		EFFECTIVENESS OF NEBULIZER	, (
	16ER1T0019	S.JYOTHIKA		& CORTICOSTEROIDS IN THE	GENERAL A
	16ER1T0027	R.MANASA		MANAGEMENT OF COPD	MEDICINE
III	16ER1T0003	P.JAVEED	DR.R.SRIRAM	A PROSPECTIVE	
111	16ER1T0006	S.MANIKANTA		OBSERVATIONAL STUDY ON	
	16ER1T0020			USAGE OF INOTROPIC DRUGS IN	
	TOLICITOON			PEDIATRIC INTENSIVE CARE	ment impies
		S.LOKESH ROYAL		UNIT	PEDIATRICS
IV	16ER1T0008	ASAD ALI KHAN	Dr. K.	EVALUATION OF ATROPINE&	
	16ER1T0010	M.RAMANJANEYULU	Chandrasekhar	PRALIDOXIME THERAPY IN THE	CUDIUM AT
	16ER1T0017			MANAGEMENT OF ORGANO	GENERAL
		D.YAKUB BASHA		PHOSPHATE POISONING	MEDICINE
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	16ER1T0026	L.GRACE	-	HERNIOPLASTY	
	16ER1T0028	S.SHABANA TAHASEEN		&HERNIORRHAPHY	GYNACOLOGY
VII	16ER1T0004	C.KEERTHI	DR.S.IRFANA	A CROSS SECTIONAL STUDY ON	
V 11	16ER1T005	T.LASYA		PREVALENCE OF	I A
	16ER1T003	M.V.N.VASAVILATHA		COMPLICATIONS, ITS RISK	
	16ER1T0016	WELVERS TO PROPER THE STATE OF	-	FACTORS &PHARMACOLOGICAL	4
	10EK110024	LVYSHNAVI		TMT OF HYPERTENSION	GENRALMEDICINE
VIII	16ER1T0001	B.AKHILA		A STUDY ON PRREVALENCE OF	
4 111	16ER1T0012	S.SADIYA SAMREEN	Mrs.B.ARUNA	NON ADHERENCE & ATTITUDE	
	16ER1T0021	M.PRIYANJALI		TOWARDS DIFFERENT ANTI	1
	16ER1T0029	17414 454 4751 107 1474		PSYCHOTICSIN PATIENTS WITH	
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EVALUATION OF SAFETY AND EFFICACY OF ANTIBIOTICS IN POST OPERATIVE HERNIOPLASTY ANDHERNIORRHAPHY



A Dissertation Submitted to

JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITYANANTAPUR, ANANTAPURAMU

In partial fulfilment of the requirement for the award of

DOCTOR OF PHARMACY

By

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DECLARATION

We, Mrs. B. Bhavana (16ER1T0018), Mrs. V. Hari Sushma (16ER1T0025), Mrs. L. Grace (16ER1T0026) and Mrs. S. Shabana Tahaseen (16ER1T0028) pursued admission in Pharm. D Vyear program for the academic year 2020-2021, at Dr. K. V. Subba Reddy Institute of Pharmacy, Dupadu, Kurnool (Affiliated to JNT University Anantapur, Anantapuramu) and in connection with partial fulfillment for award of degree Doctorof Pharmacy, We hereby declare that the entitled research work "EVALUATION OF SAFETY AND EFFICACY OF ANTIBIOTICS IN POST-OPERATIVE HERNIOPLASTY AND

HERNIORRHAPHY". Was carried out by us under guidance of Dr. S. Kusuma Kumari, Pharm-D, Assistant professor, Dr. K. V. Subba Reddy Institute of Pharmacy, Dr. J. Jayaram, M.S. FMAS, FAIS (General surgery), Associate Professor, Government General Hospital. We express no conflict of interest for due submission of this work toboard of examiners for evaluation process.

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RNIORRHAPHY" bearing research project entitled "EVALUATION OF SAFETY AND RNIORRHAPHY" bearing research protocol approval number- KVSP/IRB/2020-21/Pharm.D/PROJ/018 was carried out by Mrs. B. Bhavana (16ER1T0018), Mrs. V. ni Sushma (16ER1T0025), Mrs. L. Grace (16ER1T0026) and Mrs. S. Shabana Tahaseen ER1T0028) student of Pharm. D V Year Program for the academic year 2020-21 and the study was done under my direct supervision. The contents of the complied rk in this project book adequate to the best of my knowledge and is duly submitted board of examiners, in partial fulfillment for the award of degree of Doctor of armacy as prescribed by JNT University Anantapur, Anantapuramu, Andhra Pradesh wish him/her all the best.

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B. Bhavana

V. Hari Sushma

L. Grace

S. Shabana

TABLE OF CONTENTS

S.NO	CONTENTS	PAGE.NO.				
1	INTRODUCTION	1 -30				
2	REVIEW OF LITERATURE	31-36				
3	NEED OF STUDY	37				
4	AIM AND OBJECTIVES	38				
5	METHODOLOGY	39-42				
6	6 RESULTS					
7	DISCUSSION	52-53				
8	CONCLUSION	54				
9	LIMITATIONS	55				
10	BIBILOGRAPHY	56-59				
11	ANNEXURES					
	Institutional protocol approval					
	Patient data collection proforma					

LIST OF TABLES

S.NO	TABLE NAMES	PAGE.NO
1	Relative frequency of external abdominal hernia	1
2	Classification	2
3	Cephalosporins	18
4	Difference between direct and indirect inguinal hernia	26
5	Risk factors of incisional hernia	28-29
6	Gender distribution for total study	43
7	Age distribution of total study	44
8	Co-morbid conditions of total study	45
9	Distribution of type of hernia of total study	46
10	Personal habits of total study	47
11	Post-operative antibiotics of total study	48
12	Timing of occurrence of wound infection of total study	49
13	Grading of wound infection post-operative antibiotics in total study	50
14	Compression between wound status and post- operative antibiotics	51

LIST OF FIGURES

S.No	Figure Name	PAGE. No
1	Types of hernia	3
2	Hernial sac	3
3	Palpation	10
4	Mesh used for hernia surgery	13
5	Inguinal ring	22
6	Indirect inguinal hernia	23
7	Direct inguinal hernia	23
8	Inguinal canal	25
9	Incisional hernia showing scar	27
10	Umbilical hernia	30
11	Gender distribution of total study	43
12	Age distribution of total study	44
13	Co-morbid conditions of total study	45
14	Type of hernia in total study	46
15	Personal habits of total study	47
16	Post-operative antibiotics of total study	48
17	Timing of Occurrence of Wound Infection in Total Study	49
18	Grading of wound infection post-operative antibiotics in total study	50
19	Groups of post-operative antibiotics	51

ACRONYMS

- CT: Computed tomography
- MRI: Magnetic resonance imaging
- HIH: Indirect inguinal hernia
- DIH: Direct inguinal hernia
- CSF: Cerebrospinal fluid
- * mRNA: messenger ribonucleic acid
- * tRNA: transfer ribonucleic acid
- IM: Intra muscular
- V: Intra venous
- ❖ BMI: Body mass index

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ABSTRACT

Aim:

To evaluate the safety and efficacy of antibiotics in post-operative hernioplastyand herniorrhaphy.

Objectives:

Assessing the clinical efficacy of post-operative antibiotics like ceftriaxone, amikacin and piperacillin plus tazobactam in reducing surgical site infections. By measuring the wound status of patients by using wound grading during post-operative follow up intervals. To determine social demographic details and categoric the typesof hernia in study population.

Methods:

This is a prospective observational study performed and conducted at General surgery department, Government General Hospital, Kurnool. Individual wereanalyzed by particulars of age, sex, date of admission and date of surgery, investigations, past history, comorbid conditions like hypertension, diabetes etc., patients were selected on the basis of inclusion and exclusion criteria

Results:

A total of 58 patients the distribution of male (75.8%) and female (24.1%). The majority of type of hernia is direct inguinal hernia of 17(29.3%) when compared to all types of hernias. The administration of post-operative antibiotics like ceftriaxone + metronidazole, piperacillin/tazobactam + metronidazole, ceftriaxone + metronidazole + amikacin and sulbactam sodium + cefoperazonesodium +metronidazole, is markedly reduced surgical site infections. Wound grades in post-operative patients were comes under grade 0 was more compared to grade1 and grade2.

Conclusion:

In this study the different groups of antibiotics like cephalosporins, Anti protozoal drugs and aminoglycosides in post-operative surgeries are showing equal effectiveness in reducing surgical site infection in both comorbid and non-comorbid conditions.

INTRODUCT ION

1. INTRODUCTION

DEFI	$NITION^1$:	
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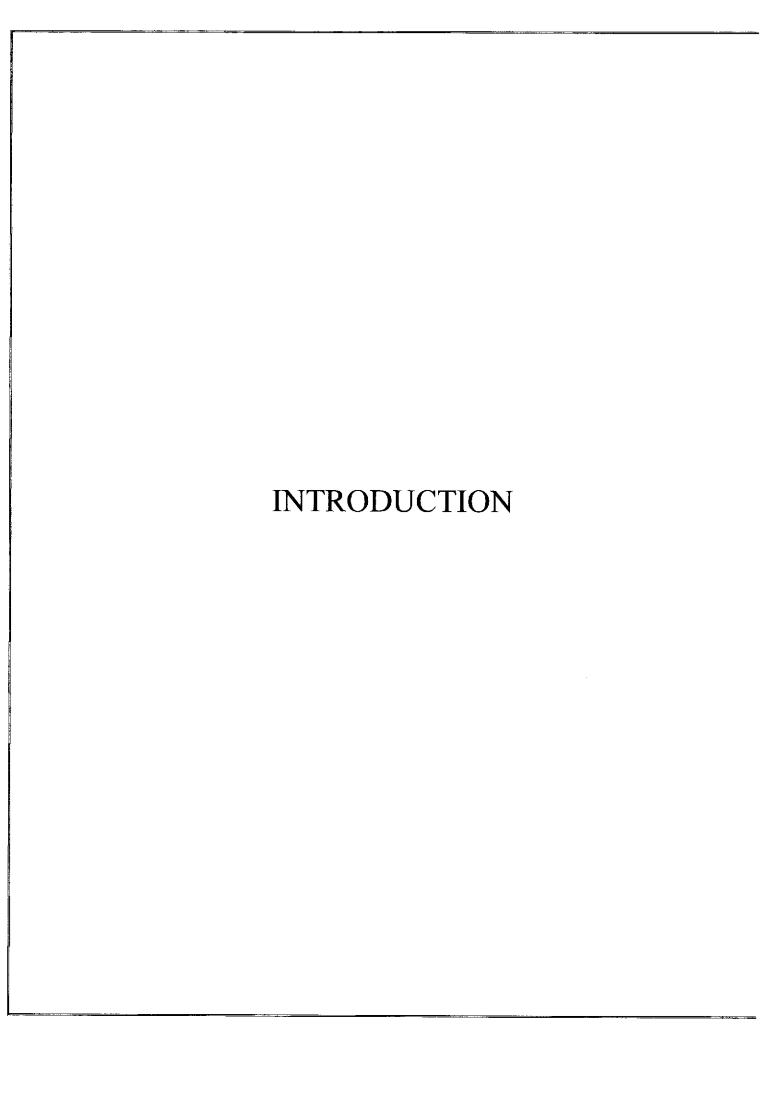
A hernia is defined as protrusion of whole or a part of viscus through the wall that contains it. The term can be applied to protrusion of a muscle through its fascial covering or of brain through fracture of skull or through foramen magnum into the spinal card. The commonest variety of hernia is protrusion of a viscus or a part of it through the abdominal wall.

EPIDEMIOLOGY^{1,2}:

At first hernia was recorded In Egyptian papyrus 1500BC and then it was regarded as a social stigma. It will occur in all type of Male and Female. In all these abdominal hernias are common. It has approximately 10% of the general surgical workload. The relative frequency of external abdominal hernias is given in Table. 1.0.Inguinal hernias account for 75% of abdominal wall hernias and life time risk of 27% in men and 3% in women.

Type of hernia	Incidence
Epigastric	1%
Incisional	10%
Inguinal	78%
Femoral	7%
Umbilical	3%
Others (rare)	1%

Table. 1.0 Relative frequency of external abdominal hernias



CLASSIFICATION1,2:

Hernias are classified into congenital or acquired shown in Table 1.1

Congenital:

These are of pre-formed sac that occurs as consequence of intra uterine development.

Acquired:

This acquired type has two types:

✓ Primary hernia

These occur at natural points such as

- Structure penetrates the abdominal wall
- Muscles and aponeuroses fail to overlap normally
- Fibrosis tissue develops to close defect.

✓ Secondary hernia

These develops at surgical site and injury to wall which contents of a body cavity.

Congenital	Acquired
Indirect inguinal hernia	Direct inguinal hernia
Umbilical hernia	Femoral hernia
	Incisional hernia
	Epigastric hernia

Table 1.1 CLASSIFICATION

The most common types of hernias are Fig. 1.0

- Inguinal hernia
- Incisional hernia
- Femoral hernia
- Umbilical hernia
- Epigastric hernia

TYPES OF HERNIA'A



Fig. 1.0 Types of hernia

Rare varieties of hernias are

- Obturator
- Lumbar
- Gluteal
- Spigelian

Hernia consists of a sac, its coverings, its contents as its anatomical features.

In hernial sac it consists of mouth, neck, body and fundus. Covering refers to overlying layers. Fig. 1.1

The contents of hernia vary but intracavity viscera have been reported. In abdomen the contents are small bowel and greater omentum other are like the large bowel and appendix Meckel's diverticulum the bladder, the ovary may or may not with fallopian tube, ascitic fluid.

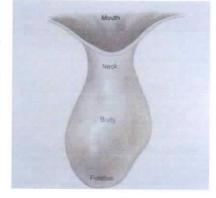


Fig. 1.1 Hernial sac

AETIOLOGY2:

The hernia is mainly occur based upon the two factors which are predisposing to hernia that develops intra activity pressure and weak abdominal wall. In abdomen the pressure occurs by heavy lifting, cough, straining to pass wire benign prostatic hyperplasia or carcinoma, straining to pass faeces- constipation or large -bowel obstruction, abdominal distension that may presence of an intra-abdominal contents. In weak abdominal wall it occurs by advancing age, malnutrition -macronutrients or micronutrients, paralysis of motor nerves, abdominal collagen metabolism.

Pathophysiology3:

Defect or weakness in the muscular wall may be, congenita or acquired weakness or caused by trauma.

Increased the intrabdominal pressure as a result of risk factors.

As a result of weakness of the abdominal wall and increased pressure the abdominal contents can protrude causing herniation.

When the contents of the hernia sac can be replaced into the abdominal cavity by manipulation, the hernia is said to be reducible.

Irreducible and incarcerated hernia refers to hernias that cannot be replaced by manipulation.

When the pressure from the hernial ring cuts off the blood supply to the herniated segment of the bowel, it becomes strangulated.

Department of Pharmacy Practice, Dr. KVSRIP

Page 4

The inguinal hernia patients have demonstrated higher proportions of type III collagen as compare to type I collagen is associated with better tensile strength than type III.

During normal development the testes descend from the abdomen into the scrotum leaving behind the diverticulum through inguinal canal and vaginalis.

Signs and Symptoms4:

For Inguinal, Incisional, Femoral, Umbilical, Epigastric these are signs and symptoms:

- Swelling beneath the skin of abdomen or groin
- Constipation and bloody stools
- Discomfort in abdomen when lifting or bending
- · Burning sensation at bulge
- · Weakness in groin
- Shooting pain
- · Pain around testicles
- Vomiting

Diagnosis tests^{5,2}:

- Ultra sound
- Computer tomography scan [CT-scan]
- Magnetic resonance imaging [MRI]

Department of Pharmacy Practice, Dr. KVSRIP

Page 5

Hernia is a clinical diagnosis:

Imaging:

Ultra sound is being increasingly used to assess hernia that are difficult to define clinically.

CT and MRI an occasional role in rare pelvic hernia. They also helpful in the preoperative assessment of large incisional hernia where multiple defects may be present.

CT or MRI scanning will exclude recurrent malignant disease in patients who have had previous cancer surgery.

Laparoscopy:

Unexpected hernia is in some cases discovered at time of laparoscopy for undiagnosed abdominal pain.

Examination of hernia1:

HISTORY:

upadu

Age: Indirect inguinal hernia is usually met with in young individuals, whereas a direct hernia is mostly seen in older subjects.

Occupation: It is very important regarding their daily work, some type of heavy lifting work load leads to hernia in some cases.

Patient should be examined of

1. Pain: In the beginning when there is a 'tendency to hernia' the patient

complains of a dragging and aching type of pain which gets worse as the

Department of Pharmacy Practice, Dr. KVSRIP

passes. pain may appear long before the lump is noticed. It continues so long as the hernia is progressing but ceases when it is fully formed.

When the hernia becomes very painful and tender, it is probably strangulated. At this time the patient may complain all over the abdomen due to drag on the mesentery or omentum.

2. Lumps: Many hernias may cause no pain and the patient presents because he noticed a swelling in the groin. But this is very rare and some sort of discomfortis almost present.

When the patient arrives to the hospital the patients should be asked following types like

How did it start? (During coughing or lifting weight)

Where did it first appear? (Groin and extended to scrotum- Inguinal hernia, (below the groin and gradually ascends above it – Femoral hernia)

What was the size?

Does it disappear on lying down? (Disappears when patient lies down – direct inguinal hernia, if it should be reduced – indirect hernia.

PAST HISTORY:

Whether the patient had any operation or not? During appendicectomy division of nerve may lead to weakness of the abdominal muscles at the inguinal region and a subsequent direct inguinal hernia. Mostly patient says about previous history of hernia on same side (recurrent hernia) if appears on opposite side (generally right-side hernia precedes to left side)

Local examination: Position of

patient-

First patient examined in the standing position and then in the supine position. Inguinal, femoral, epigastric, obturator, lumbar, gluteal and spigelian hernia are the best examined in the standing position and should not be omitted. The patient is asked to hold the clothes up during examination in the standing position. He must not bend forward while being examined.

INSPECTION: -

1. Swelling- If a swelling is already present, note (1) Size

&Shape—An indirect hernia is pyriform in shape, with a stalk at the external inguinal ring. It usually extends down into the scrotum. A direct hernia is spherical in shape and shows little tendency to enter into the scrotum. Femoral hernia, takes up a spherical shape starting from below and lateral to the pubic tubercle. Femoral hernia extends from below the inguinal ligament and ascends over it. (2) Visible peristalsis—If the covering is thin as in recurrent hernia peristalsis may be observed. It is never seen in femoral hernia. In case of inguinal hernia, the students should remember that the scrotal skin exhibits movements due to contraction of the dartos.

Skin over the swelling:

In uncomplicated hernia the overlying skin should be normal. If the hernia is strangulated the skin may be reddened.

2. Impulse on coughing:

The patient is asked to turn his face away from the clinician at the superficial inguinal ring. If a swelling already exists, it will expand during coughing during coughing as more abdominal contents will be driven out into the hernial sac due to increased abdominal tension (expansile cough impulse) but absence of this sign does not exclude a diagnosis of hernia. If the neck of the sac is blocked by adhesions additional viscera will not get access into the sac during coughing.

3. Position of the penis:

This is only important in case of inguinal hernia. A large hernia in the scrotum will push the penis to the other side.

PALPATION-

If a swelling is present, it is palpated systematically from in front from the side and from behind noting all the points, e.g., temperature, tenderness, size and shape etc.,

1. Position and extent: If the swelling descends into the scrotum or labia majora, it is obviously an inguinal hernia. When it remains confined to the groin, it should be differentiated from a femoral hernia. An inguinal hernia is positioned above the inguinal ligament and medial to the pubic tubercle, whereas a femoral hernia lies below the inguinal ligament and lateral to the pubic tubercle. In obese patients it is very difficult to feel the pubic tubercle. One may follow the tendon of adductor longus upwards to reach the pubic tubercle.



2. To get above the swelling:

In case of a swelling this is important. This examination differentiates a scrotal swelling from an inguino-scrotal swelling. Fig. 1.2. The root of the scrotum is held between the thumb in front and other fingers behind in an attempt to reach above the swelling. In case of inguinal hernia, one cannot get above the swelling, whereas in case of the pure scrotal swelling one can feel nothing

Fig.1.2. Palpation

between the fingers expect the structures within the spermatic cord. In case of femoral hernia tis examination is of no use as femoral hernia does not gives rise to a scrotal swelling.

Consistency:

The swelling feels dough and granular if the hernia contains omentum (omentocele or epiplocele). It is elastic if it contains intestine (enterocele). A strangulated hernia feels tense and tender. This is of great importance in diagnosing this condition.

4. Relation of the swelling to the testis and spermatic cord:

Inguinal hernia remains in front and sides of the spermatic cord and testis which remain incorporated in the swelling.

5. Impulse on coughing:

This examination should always be performed in standing position of the patient. When there is no swelling, a finger is placed on the superficial inguinal ring and the patient is asked to cough. The root of the scrotum can also be held between the index finger and the thumb and felt for impulse on

coughing. contents of hernia will force out through the superficial inguinal ring and separate the thumb and the index finger. This is an expansile impulse. Impulse on coughing will be absent in case of strangulated hernia. Remember this technique (Zieman's technique) can only be applied when there is no obvious swelling or after the hernia has been completely reduced. The patient s asked to hold the nose and blow (this is better according to zeiman) or to cough. When impulse is felt on the index finger the case is one of indirect hernia, when impulse is felt on the middle finger the case is one of directhernia and when it is felt on the ring finger the case is one of femoral hernia.

6. Is the swelling reducible:

In many instances the hernia reduces itself when the patient liesdown (direct hernia). The fundus of the sac is gently held with one hand and even pressure is applied to it to squeeze the contents towards and abdomen while the other hand and even pressure is applied to it to squeeze the contents towards and abdomen while the other hand will guide the contents through the superficial inguinal ring. This is known as "Taxis". Taxis must be carried out very gently. Rough handling will bringforth fatal complications.

7. Invagination test: After reduction of the hernia this test may be performed to palpate the hernial orifice. It is better to perform this test in recumbent position of the patient. Little finger should be used to minimize hurting the patient. But if it becomes inconvenient, one can use the index finger. Invaginatethe skin from the bottom of the scrotum and the little finger is pushed up to palpitate the pubic tubercle. Right and should be used for the right side and left hand for the left side. The finger is then rotated and

pushed

INST

further up into the superficial inguinal ring. The nail will be against the spermatic cord and the pulp will feel the ring. The patient is asked to cough. A palpable impulse confirms the diagnosis.

8. Ring occlusion test:

This test is performed in standing position and the hernia must be reduced first. This is a confirmatory test to differentiate an IIH from a DIH. Indirect hernia comes out through the deep inguinal ring and a direct hernia medial to the ring, pressure over the deep inguinal ring will occlude theindirect hernia but not direct hernia. Thumb is placed on the deep inguinal ringand ask to cough. Direct hernia will bulge but indirect hernia will find access.

PERCUSSION:

A resonate note over a hernia means it contains intestine. If the note is dull, it is omentum. Percussion can differentiate acute epididymitis and acute filarial funiculitis from strangulated hernia. The note will be resonant in case of the latter whereas in case of former two cases the note will dull.

AUSCULTATION:

Peristaltic sounds may be heard in an enterocele. It does not give much diagnostic clue.

Examine the testis, epididymis and spermatic cord:

The part of examine is important that pulls testis downwards and cord descends slightly and becomes fixed.

Examine the tone of the abdominal muscles:

- a) To observe the patient in profile
- In recumbent position the patient is asked to raise his shoulders against resistance.
- c) A finger is introduced into the superficial inguinal ring and the patient is asked to cough. The strength of the pillars and sphincteric action of conjoined tendon can be assessed

MANAGEMENT OF HERNIA6:

Basically, there is no pharmaceutical treatment for hernia, if hernia occurs it should be proceeded with surgical procedure. It is going to be done in mainly two ways

- Open mesh repair
- Laparoscopic technique

Surgical repair of inguinal hernias is a common procedure in adult men. However, recurrence of hernia has been reported to occur after repair in 15 percent or more cases,

and postoperative pain and disability are frequent, when traditional surgical methods are used, outcomes after repair of recurrent hernias have been worse than after primary repair.



After the introduction of tension-free surgical repair Fig. 1.3. Mesh used for hernia surgery

5 percent, and patients' comfort was reported to be substantially improved over that obtained by the traditional, tension- producing techniques. Local anesthesia is used, and patients are discharged within a few hours. A laparoscopic method of performing



a tension-free repair has subsequently been reported to result in low recurrence rates and to be associated with substantially less pain in the immediate postoperative period and earlier return to normal activities than the open-repair technique. The laparoscopic technique, however requires general anesthesia, and it is more often associated with serious intraoperative complications than is open repair, although such type of complications is infrequent

We conducted a multicenter, randomized trial to compare recurrence rates and other outcomes after either of two standardized tension-free herniorrhaphies: open repair and laparoscopic repair.

ROLE OF PROPHYLACTIC ANTIBIOTICS7: DEFINITION:

Prophylactic antibiotics are defined as antibodies used to prevent infection in the absence of infection. The microorganisms are attacked at their lodgment in the wound or the body cavity before their colonization. The aim is to prevent sepsis rather than to treat sepsis.

Administration of prophylactic antibiotics is a scientifically approves method pf primary prevention of post-operative wound infection. The role of prophylactic antibiotics is to support the body's ability to resist contamination. Therefore, to be effective they must be administered before the bacterial inoculation.

Indication of antibiotic prophylaxis:

Prophylactics antibiotics are indicated when the surgical procedure has a higher chance of contamination or when the resistance of the patient is low. Traditionally antibiotic prophylaxis is indicated in clean contaminated and when contamination occurs accidentally at the time of surgery. They are also indicated in clean procedures when prosthetic implants are used. The role of antibiotics in contaminated procedures is essentially therapeutic

Is there a role for prophylactic antibiotics in clean surgery?

Role of prophylactic antibiotics in surgery remains controversial. Studies conducted during late 50's and early 60's concluded that there is no role of prophylactic antibiotics in surgery. On the contrary it was believed that they resulted in a higher infection rate.

Pulaski criticized the "routine" use of prophylactic antibiotics in clean surgical procedures. He listed out several factors against the routine use of antibiotic and pointed out the fundamental aims of discriminate antibiotic therapy. They are 1.TO eradicate the accidental streptococcal infection at sites where they are already present as endogenous flora. 2. To reduce the bacterial count in those structures of the body which are heavily loaded with microorganism to a level complicated with the localand general tissue resistance. In his opinion, in clean cases when prophylaxis substituted for the established principles of surgery, infection rates were higher than before the use of chemoprophylaxis with the added risk of toxicity. He suggested judicious use of antibiotic in contaminated cases in order to convert them into clean cases. He strongly emphasized that with good patient preparation, adhering to the established principles of surgery, avoiding spillage and dead space wound sepsis can be prevented.

Principles of antibiotic prophylaxis:

1. Timing of antibiotic prophylaxis:

Is there a relationship between the timing of antibiotic administration and wound infection? An antibiotic to be effective as a prophylactic agent would be present in an appropriate concentration at the time of the contamination.

Vulnerable period: The duration of the operative procedure represents the decisive period that has been most aptly called the vulnerable period. The rationale behind the use of prophylactic antibiotics is to boost the host defense mechanism to defeat the bacterial challenge during the vulnerable period. If the antibiotics are given too early, no, antibiotic activity might be left in the tissues to resist the contamination during the surgery. So much so, if the antibiotics are given too late the bacterial load might be too high to resist the infection.

Classen et al7 classified antibiotic prophylactic according to the timing of administration as:

Early – when the antibiotic is administered within 2 to 24 hours before surgery

- i. Pre operative when administered 2 hours before the incision
- ii. Peri operative when administered during the first 3 hours after the incision
- iii. Post- operative when administered 3 to 24 hours after the incision
 - 2. Duration of prophylactic antibiotic administration:

Prophylactic antibiotics can successfully reduce incidence of post-operative wound infection, in this difficulty some suggest short course and some suggest large course. After all type of studies single dose prophylaxis just prior to incision.

ARMACI

ANTIBIOTIC TREATMENT:

Role of antibiotics:

The role of antibodies is a well-established infection, is an adjuvant to the local wound management, though they can be curative in the early stages. When used appropriately they can be preventing septicemia. They can be used either systemically or locally. Clinical response should be apparent within 36hours after starting the antibiotics and should be continued for 5 days. Prolong usage leads to toxic effects and superinfection. If there is no obvious clinical improvement, either the organism causing wound might not be sensitive to the antibiotic used or the antibiotic dosage may be inappropriate. Antibiotics are ineffective in the presence of necrotic tissue. Hence adequate debridement is essential.

Pharmacotherapy8:

In hernia people will go through the surgery after surgery to reduce the infection rate antibiotic therapy should be used. Here third generation cephalosporins are used to treat patients

Cephalosporins:

In this third generations are used to treat bacterial infections table 1.2.

Third generation drugs

<u>Oral</u>	Parental
Cefixime	Cefotaxime
Cefpodoxime	Ceftriaxone
Cefdinir	Ceftazidime
G 6"	Ceftizoxime
Ceftibuten	Cefoperazone

Table. 1.2 cephalosporins

Antiprotozoal drugs:

Trichomoniasis-oral type (Nitroimidazoles)

Metronidazole

Nimorazole

Tinidazole

Aminoglycosides are used these are gram-negative antibacterial medications

Amikacin

CEFTRIAXONE9,10,11:

It has longer duration of action. Its t 1/2 is 8 hours, penetrating once, or at most twice daily dosing. Penetration into CSF is good and elimination occurs equally in urine and bile. It shows high efficacy in serious infections.

Brand name: Rocephin

INTRODUCTION

Mechanism of action:

It works by inhibiting the mucopeptide synthesis in bacterial cell wall.

The beta-lactam ceftriaxone binds to carboxypeptidases, endopeptidases, and trans

peptidases in the bacterial cytoplasmic membrane. These enzymes are involved in cell-

wall synthesis and cell division. Binding of ceftriaxone to these enzymes causes the

enzyme to lose activity, so bacteria produce cell wall causing cell death.

Route of administration:

It is only given as parental route either as Intramuscular or Intravenous.

Dosage: 1 to 2 gm

Side effects:

Pain

Vomiting

Diarrhea

Headache

Dizziness

Loss of appetite

Adverse effects:

Bleeding

AMIKACIN12,13,14:

Amikacin is an aminoglycoside antibiotic used for bacterial infections.

Brandname of McKion:

O* Dupa

Mechanism of action:

It binds to bacterial 30S ribosomal subunits and interferes with mRNA binding and tRNA acceptor sites, interfering with bacterial growth. This leads to disruption of normal protein synthesis and production of non-functional toxic peptides. It is grampositive and gram-negative bacteria.

Route of administration:

It is given in either IM or IV route

Dose: 250mg/ml

Side effects:

Nausea

Vomiting

Stomach upset

Numbness/tingling

Muscle weakness

Seizure

Abdominal pain

Adverse effects:

Neurotoxicity

Nephrotoxicity

Ototoxicity

Department of Pharmacy Practice, Dr. KVSRIP

Page 21

Non pharmacological treatment¹⁵:

i. Avoid food that cause acid reflux or heart burn such as spicy food

ii. Don't lie down or bending after taking meals

iii. Stop smoking

iv. Avoid heavy lifts

v. Avoid doing heavy exercise

vi. Use proper lifting technique

vii. Lose weight

COMPLICATIONS2:

Hernia is of Reducible, irreducible, obstructed, strangulated or inflamed.

Reducible hernia:

In this type the contents are returned but the sac persists. The contents do not re appear necessarily until some external gravity raised in intra -abdominal pressure.

Irreducible hernia:

In this the contents do not return to their body cavity. For this the main cause for irreducibility have narrow neck with rigid margin adhesion forms between contents and the sac., These irreducible hernias have greater risk to obstruction and strangulation than reducible hernia.

Obstructed hernia:

V.S.R. IN

In this intestine contains in lumen become occulated obstruction is at neck of the sac but caused by adhesion within it. If obstruction is at both ends of loop, fluid accumulates in it that blood supply is intact which becomes impended and strangulation. Here the term incarcerated describe irreducible but not strangulated. So, irreducible, obstructed called an incarcerated one.

Strangulated hernia:

Ten percent of groin hernias present for the first time with strangulation.

Inflamed hernia:

It is inflamed by any process that causes tissues or organ that is normally here herniated

- Acute appendicitis
- Meckel's diverticulitis
- Acute salpingitis

It impossible to inflammable hernia that is strangulated.

The most common form of hernia occurs are

INGUINAL HERNIA^{2,16}:

An inguinal hernia occurs when tissue such as part of intestine, protrudes through a week spot in the abdominal muscles. The bulge can be painful, especially when you cough bend over or lift heavy object.

Rarely, hernia, do not cause pain. It is not a dangerous but leads to life – threatening complications. These are more common in men than in women and mostly occur on right side.

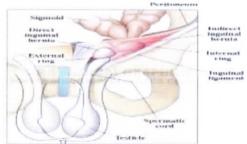


Fig. 1.4. Inguinal ring

CLASSIFICATION:

In this the inguinal hernias are of like

- · Indirect inguinal hernia
- · Direct inguinal hernia
- Pantaloon hernia
- Indirect inguinal hernia

This passes through the internal ring lateral



Fig. 1.5 Indirect inguinal

<u>hernia</u>

to interior epigastric artery and external ring above the pubic crest and tubercle Fig. 1.5.

Direct inguinal hernia:

It occurs at posterior walls of canal medial to inferior

epigastric artery and



Fig. 1.6 Direct Inguinal hernia

covered by layers of cord. Fig. 1.6.

> Pantaloon hernia:

It has both combination of indirect and direct inguinal hernia.

SIGNS AND SYMPTOMS:

If you aren't able to push the hernia in the contents of hernia may be trapped in abdominal wall. An incarcerated hernia may become strangulated which cuts off

INTRODUCTION

blood flow to tissue that's trapped. The difference between direct and indirect inguinal

hernia mentioned in detail in Table 1.3.

A strangulated hernia can be life threating if it isn't treated

Nausea, vomiting or both

Fewer

Sudden pain that quickly intensifies

A hernia bulge that turns red, purple or dark

Inability to more your bowels or pass gas

CAUSES

Some inguinal hernias have no apparent causes others occur of

Increased pressure within abdomen

A preexisting weak spot in abdominal

Straining during bowel movements or urination

Strenuous activity

Pregnancy

Chronic coughing or sneezing

In many people, the abdominal wall weakness that leads to an inguinal hernia

occurs prior to both when weakness in abdominal wall. Other inguinal hernia

later in life when muscles due to aging, strenuous physical activity or

coughing that accompanies smoking weakness can occur in abdominal wall

later in life, after injury or abdominal surgery.

In men occur in inguinal canal, where the spermatic cord enters the scrotum

OF PH Fig. 1.7. In women the inguinal canal carries a ligament that helps to hol

Department of Pharmacy Practice, Dr. KVSRIP

Page 25

uterus in place and hernias sometimes occur where connective tissue from theuterus attaches to tissues surrounding the public bone.

RISK FACTORS:

That contribute to developing an inguinal hernia include.

- Being male, they are eight times more likely todevelop an inguinal hernia than are
 women
- + In older people muscles weaker as your age
- → Any family history conditions
- + Chronic cough such as smoking
- + Chronic constipation causes staining during
- Bowel movements
- In pregnancy being pregnant can weakness the abdominal muscles and causes increase pressure inside abdomen.
- + Premature birth and low birth weight
- → Previous inguinal hernia or hernia repair

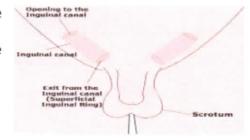


Fig.1.7 Inguinal canal

COMPLICATIONS:

Pressure on surrounding tissue that enlarge over time if not done surgery in men large hernia can extend into scrotum, which cause pain and swelling.

Incarcerated hernia that trapped in a weak point in abdominal wall, the contents can obstruct the bowel that leads for severe pain, nausea, vomiting and the inability to have a bowel movement or pass gas.

Strangulation, incarcerated hernia can cut of blood flow to part of intestine strangulation can lead to death that affect bowel tissue strangulated hernia is life threatening that requires immediate surgery.

Table 1.3 Difference between direct and indirect inguinal hernia

	Indirect	Direct
Patient's age	Any age usually young	Older
Tuttent Suge	Thy age asamy young	Older
Cause	May be congenital	Acquired
Bilateral	20%	50%
Protrusion on	Oblique	Straight
coughing		
Appearance on	Does not reach full size	Reaches full size
standing	immediately	immediately
Reduction on lying	May not reduces immediately	Reduces immediately
down	Common	
Descent into scrotum		_
Occlusion of internal		Rare
ring	Controls	
Strangulation	Not uncommon	Does not control
Relation to inferior	Lateral	Unusual
epigastric vessels		Medial

INCISIONAL HERNIA2,17,18:

Incisional hernia occurs at surgical incisions that are from previous abdominal surgeries. It occurs when the incision of internal organ such as appendix or intestine or other tissues fail to heal properly on time. The people who undergo abdominal surgeries will experience incisional hernia. Mostly after three to six of surgery it will occur in some cases it takes year to occur. Fig. 1.8.

Incisional hernia is of post-operative complication and such can be considered in terms pre-operative and post-operative

Pre-operative factors

- · Age-tissue of elderly don't heal than of young
- Malnutrition
- Sepsis
- · Anemia- inhibits fibroblast division
- Jaundice- impedes collagen maturation
- Obesity- pre-disposes to wound infection, seroma and hematoma
- Diabetes mellitus pre disposes to wound infection
- Steroids
- Peritoneal contamination showing scar

Fig. 1.8. Incisional hernia

Operative factors: Types of incisions



Technique and materials intension in the closure impedes blood supply to the wound badly tied knot can work loose, closure with absorbable suture materials fails to support the abdominal wall for a sufficient time to permit sound union

- --Types of operation It involves bowel or urinary tract are more likely to develop wound infection.
- --Drains A drain passing through the wound results the wound often results in a hernia.

Post-operative factors:

Wound infection

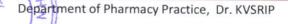
Abdominal distension -Post operative increases in wound, stitches may cut off

Coughing- It generates wound formation rupture of wound.

Approximately 40% of incisional hernia occur by of wound infection

Table.1.4 Risk factors of incisional hernia.

Patient-related	Technical factors	Disease related	Biological
factors	related to surgical	factors	factors
	technique		
Age more than	Wrongly placed	Emergency	Nutritional
60 years	incision: lumbar	operations	deficiencies
Gender: female after	incision, subcostal	Type of surgery:	Collagen and
caesarean section	incision, lower midline	bowel surgery,	metalloproteinase
Smoking	incision and large	abdominal aortic	synthesis



Socioeconomic	transverse incision	aneurism, stoma
condition: low profile	Wound has not been	closure, operations
Occupation: lifting	approximated	for peritonitis
heavy weight	appropriately	Re-laparotomy
Comorbidities:	Low surgical skill to	Wound infection
diabetes mellitus,	close the abdomen	Long operating time
chronic cough,	Strength and length of	Increased blood loss
benign hypertrophy	suture used is not	Damaged control
of the prostate,	appropriate	surgery in trauma
stricture of the		Open abdomen: in
urethra, chronic		the case of severe
constipation, ascites,		septicemia, chance
obstructive jaundice,		of abdominal
chronic renal failure		compartment
and certain		syndrome
connective tissue		
diseases (Marfan's		
syndrome,		
osteogenesis		
imperfecta and		
Ehlers-Danlos		
syndrome)		
Post-organ transplant		
patient on		
immunosuppressive		
agents/corticosteroids		
Obesity: (BMI		
>25 kg/m ²)		

Dupadu

Risk factors:

Patient-related factors

Technical factors related to surgical technique

Disease related factors

Biological factors, detail of these risk factors given in Table.1.4

FEMORAL HERNIA2:

A femoral hernia is a bulge in the upper part of the thigh near the groin. They account of 7% of all hernia but they are four times more common in women than in men.

An umbilical hernia is a ventral hernia located at the umbilicus. Classification of

UMBILICAL HERNIA19:

abdominal wall hernia defines the umbilical hernia located 3cm above to 3cm below the umbilicus. It is the second most common type of hernia in an adult following inguinal hernia. It accounts for 6%-14% of all abdominal wall hernia in adults. Fig. 1.9.



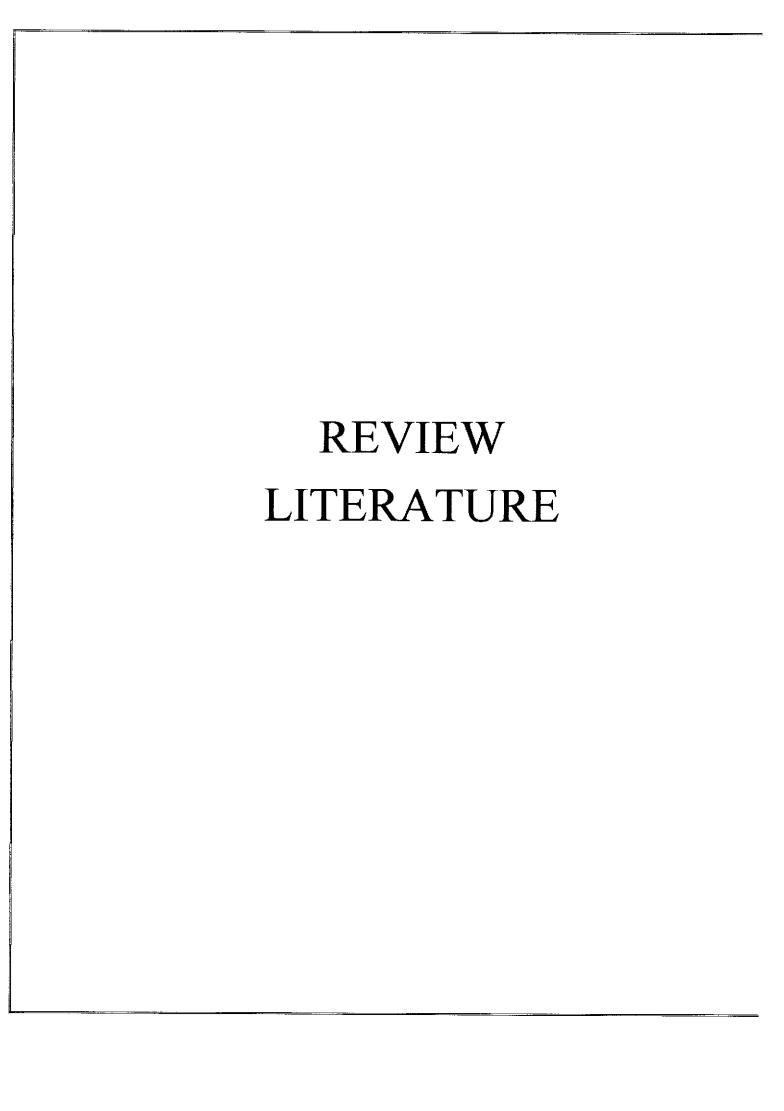
Fig. 1.9. Umbilical hernia

EPIGASTRIC HERNIA^{2,20}:

It is a type of abdominal walls hernia due to a weakness, gap or opening in the muscles or tendon of upper abdominal walls, on the alba line between the umbilicus and the xiphoid process

It is a quite uncommon and represents 0.5-5% of all hernia. There is a male pre dominance with a male to female ratio of 3:1

S.R. It is usually occurring in obese patients.



2. REVIEW LITERATURE

- Mastafa Mehrobi et.al. The role of Prophylactic Cefazolin in the prevention of infection after various types of Abdominal wall hernia Repair with Mesh. 19
 March 2014 to 13 January 2015. This is a Prospective Randomized control Study over a Period of 5 Years. The Study results has revealed that patients received Prophylactic Cefazolin (Study Group) and the remaining patients didn't receive any Prophylactic antibiotics (Control Groups). This Study shows that Preoperative Administration of Single dose Cefazolin for Prosthetic herniaRepairs didn't markedly decrease the risk of round Infection²¹.
- 2. Maheshwari M.K et.al. Conducted study on Prophylactic Antibiotic in the mesh repair of Inguinal hernia in at Swami Vivekanand Subharti University Meerut from September 2016 to October 2018. This is a Randomized, Prospective, Double Blind Study Conducted over a Period of two years. In 100 patients of primary Inguinal hernia given Single dose of Prophylactic Antibiotics half an hour prior to Mesh Repair Surgery and 50 Patients in StudyGroup and Routine Antibiotics to remaining 50 in Control group. The Result shows that Prophylactic Antibiotics group reported to have an infection rate of 12% Compared to 10% in Control Group. After 1 month of Surgery Infection was 4% in both groups none of them required Mesh removed. The Use of Prophylactic Antibiotics in our Study was seen to be Effective as routine Preoperative and Postoperative Antibiotics²².

- 3. Gomathi Shankar.V. et.al. Conducted Study on Prophylactic antibiotics inopen Mesh Repair of Inguinal hernia. Jawaharlal Institute of Postgraduate Medical Education and Research, Puolcherry, A Conchrane Meta-analysis in 2005 Concluded that antibiotics Prophylaxis for Elective Inguinal hernia Repair cannot be firmly recommended or discarded and further studies are needed for the Use of Mesh Repair This is a Prospective, Randomized, DoubleBlind StudyConducted a period of twenty Months from November 2006 to January 2008. In 450 patients 225 received IV Cefazolin and 225 received a placebo undergoing Primary Inguinal hernia Repair using Polypropylene Mesh.334 Patients completed a follow up period 9 months.172 in Antibiotic group and 162 in Control group. The Overall Infection rate was 87%, Wound Infection in antibiotics group was 7% and 10% in Control group. The result concluded that, shouldn't recommend the routine use of antibiotic Prophylactic in elective Mesh Repair that rest of Infection occurred between 7th and 12th Postoperativeday after discharge²³.
- 4. Bakhtar. et.al. Conducted Study on to determine the Efficacy of Preoperative Single dose Antibiotics with placebo in patients undergoing Mesh Repair for Inguinal hernia. This randomized controlled trial, was carried in Ayyub teaching Hospital, Abbottabad from January to December 2011. The Study Population included Male patients, above 18 years of age, Patients were divided into 2 groups. Group A people given Single dose of Antibiotic before Inguinal hernia Mesh Repair and Group B people were given placebo.

The Efficacy were accessed in terms of SSI. The results concluded that total 166 cases of Inguinal hernia Mesh Repair patients. 83 patients were recruited in each group. In Group A SSI was 7.2% while 92.8% was healthy Scar and In Group B SSI was 15% and 68% had healthy Scars. The difference between 2 groups was Significant, This Study Stays that Antibiotic Prophylaxis is a preferred option for Mesh plasty²⁴.

- 5. Alagarswamy G. S. etal. Conducted Study on Efficacy of Antibiotics Prophylaxis in preventing SSI in patients Undergoing Lichtenstein's hernioplasty at our tertiary care Centre. In the study SSI rates were high both in the antibiotic and placebo group compared to the incidence of Surgical site infections in hernia mesh Repair, reported worldwide, even though the rates of surgical site infections were high in both the antibiotic and control groups, the difference was not known significantly. Based on our results we conclude that routine use prophylactic antibiotic does not decrease the incidence of SSI in mesh hernia repair. The study highlights the need for further research with larger study group and the concentrations of associated risk factors with SSI. This will be of great benefit to check unwarranted administration of antibiotics, which may further lead to a drug reaction and at the same time will increase the cost of treatment for patient in developing countries like India with limited resources²⁵.
- 6. Tzoravas.G. et.al. Conducted Study on Antibiotic Prophylaxis in Elective tension free mesh Inguinal hernia Repair. Hernia is one of the so-called clean operations many surgeons however use antibiotics especially in the mesh repair, without strong evidenceto support this policy we conducted a single center prospective randomized trial with a view to classify this issue on a scientific basis. From January 2000 all

patients undergoing elective inguinal hernia repair using a tension free polypropy
Department of Pharmacy Practice, Dr. KVSRIP
Page 33

mesh technique, provided they fulfilled predetermined criteria, were randomized to have a single dose of Amoxicillin clavulanic acid or placebo in a double minded manner. The main end point was to detect any difference in infectious complicated rates with specific interest to wound infection rates in between the two groups. The two groups were comparable using demographic data. In total 19 cases with infectious complications were detected. Fourteen of these were wound infections. They were 5 cases of wound infections in group A and nine cases of in group B. All wound infectionswere treated with antibiotics. The wound was open in some cases mesh removal was not required in any of the cases. From the results of this study, it does not appear that antibiotic prophylaxis any benefits to in the elective mesh Inguinal hernia Repair²⁶.

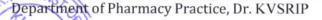
7. Perez.A.R.et.al. A Randomized, Double Blind, placebo-controlled trial to determine effectiveness of antibiotic prophylaxis for tension free Herniorgraphy. In recent years, use of prosthetic material for inguinal hernia repair has increased dramatically tension free repair have gained popularity not only for recurrent or complicated hernias, but primary hernias as well. although routine use of prophylactic antibiotics is not recommended in the Philippines for open non-implant hernia therapy, there is a little direct clinical evidence in which to base recommendations when implantable mesh is used. we conducted a Prospective, Randomized Double Blinded, placebo-controlled trail comparing wound infections rates 360 patients (180 received a prophylactic antibiotic ,180 received a placebo). undergoing primary inguinal hernia repair electively using polypropylene mesh. Results were assessed using chi-squared. groups were wellmatched for all preoperative variable's studied, including comorbid conditions. Six patients from the antibiotic group & Four from the placebo group failed to follow up after the second week. Superficial surgical site infections (SSI)

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developed in 3 patients from the antibiotic group & 6 from the placebo group. One from each developed deep surgical site infection. Both patients readmitted & underwent repeated deloridement, which eventually resulted in graph to loss²⁷.

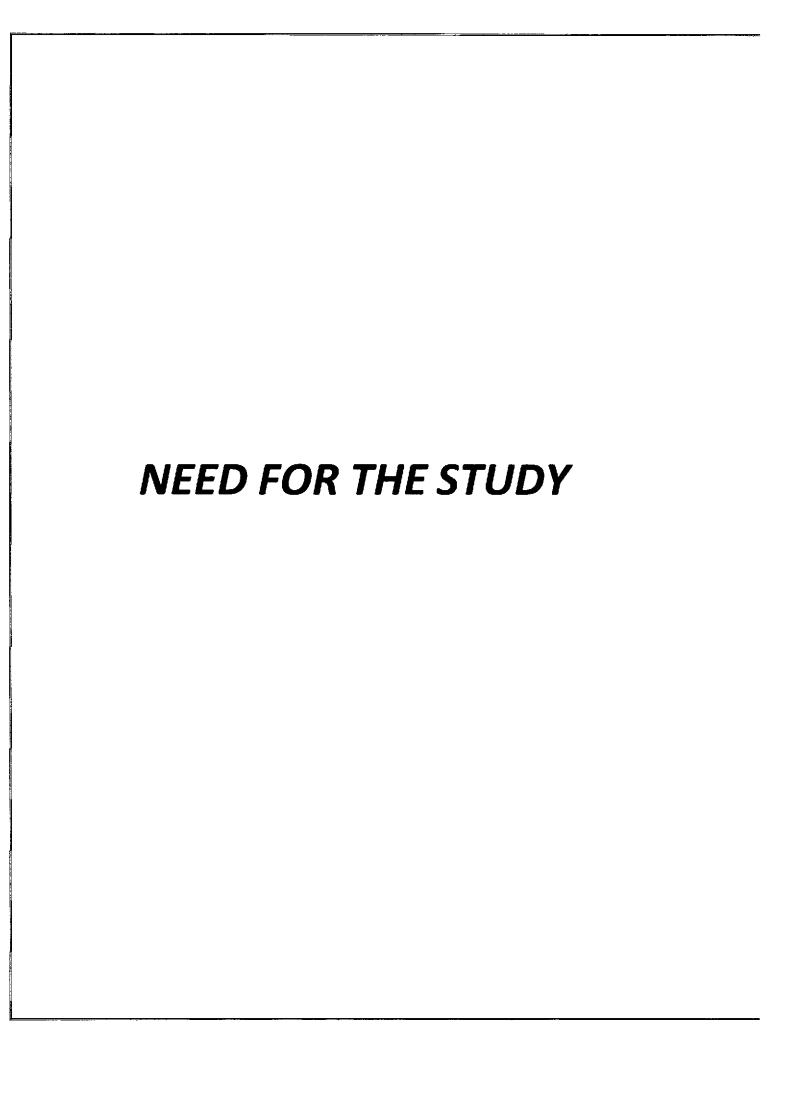
- 8. Loveleen Thakur et.al. Conducted study on prophylactic antibiotic usage in patients undergoing inguinal mech hernioplasty. To assess the efficacy of antibiotic prophylaxis in this procedure the patients were evaluated for the status of the suture line as well as the Prescence of wound infection. this study was undertaken to assess the usefulness of antibiotic prophylaxis in inguinal mesh hernioplasty in a tertiary careIndian hospital. The prophylactic antibiotic administration in clean contaminated surgeries (colorectal resection). Reduce the infections complications significantly the same cannot be said for clean surgeries such as hernia repairs. This study documented a statistically significant decrease in the overall wound infections when a single dose of antibiotic was used during Liechtenstein Repair²⁸.
- 9. Anand Rao et.al. Conducted study on Survey and evaluation of antibiotic prophylaxis usage in Surgery wards of tertiary level institution before and after the implementation of Clinical guidelines. Standardized recommendations in the guideline were done by the nominal group technique post recommendation evaluation was done to observe theimpact in clinical practice. Antibiotic prophylaxis is one component of preventive strategy against surgical site infections, that is based on a good surgical technique, strict aspects in operating theatre and control. In patients undergoing surgical procedures under clean and clean –contaminated category, were included the wound was inspected for any evidence of infection starting from 48hours after surgery, to the day when the patient was discharged.

Patients who underwent Laparoscopic procedures were discharged on the 3rd and 4th



post-operative day. The rest of the patients were discharged after the suture removal, with clinically no evidence of surgical site infections. The patient who satisfied the superficial Incisional Surgical Site Infection criteria was studied. Cefotaxime was the most commonly used antibiotic for prophylaxis followed by Amoxicillin – clavulanic in the present study. Cefotaxime showed an impressive susceptibility pattern in the present study²⁹.

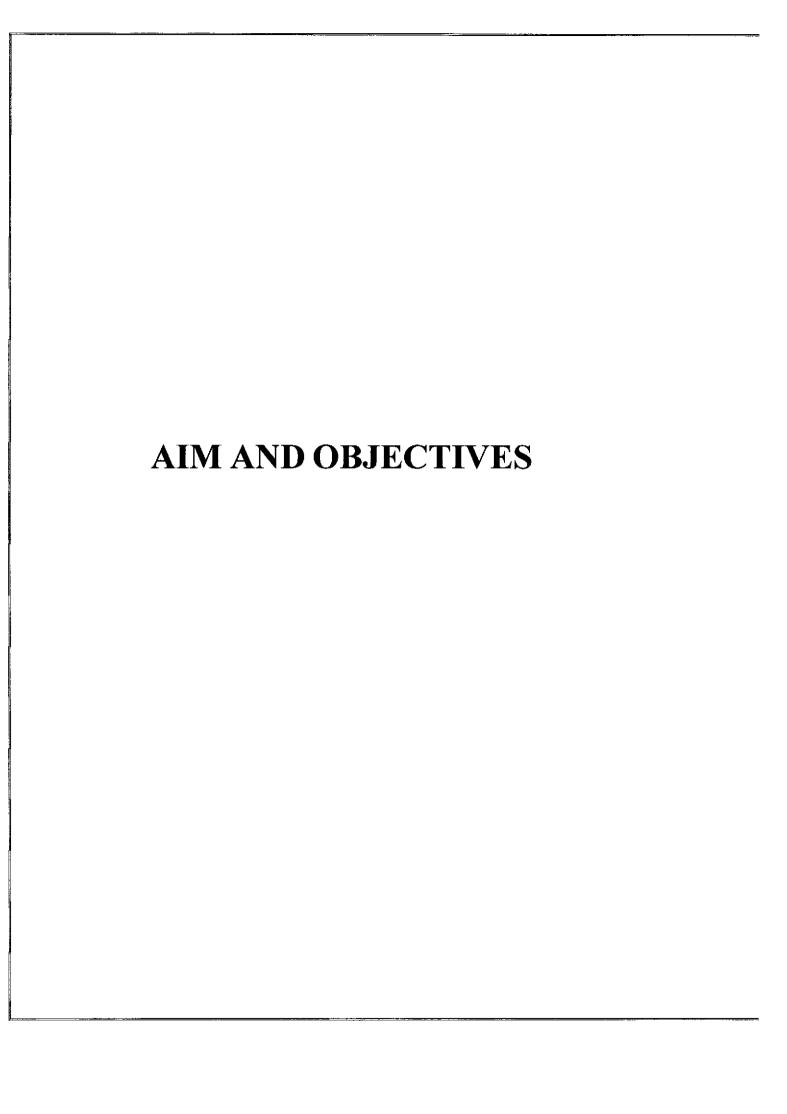




3. NEED FOR THE STUDY

Prophylactic antibiotics of third generation cephalosporins antibiotics example ceftriaxone, cefazoline are active against staphylococcus aureus and staphylococcus epidermidis. These are the causative organisms isolated from hernia repair surgery. so, these makes an idea to study the effectiveness of different combinations of post-operative antibiotics like ceftriaxone, cefaperazone, amikacin, piperacillin plus tazobactam in normal and co-morbid conditions.

There is no Indian study to evaluate the safety and efficacy of post-operative antibiotics in hernioplasty and herniorrhaphy.



4. AIMS & OBJECTIVES

AIM:

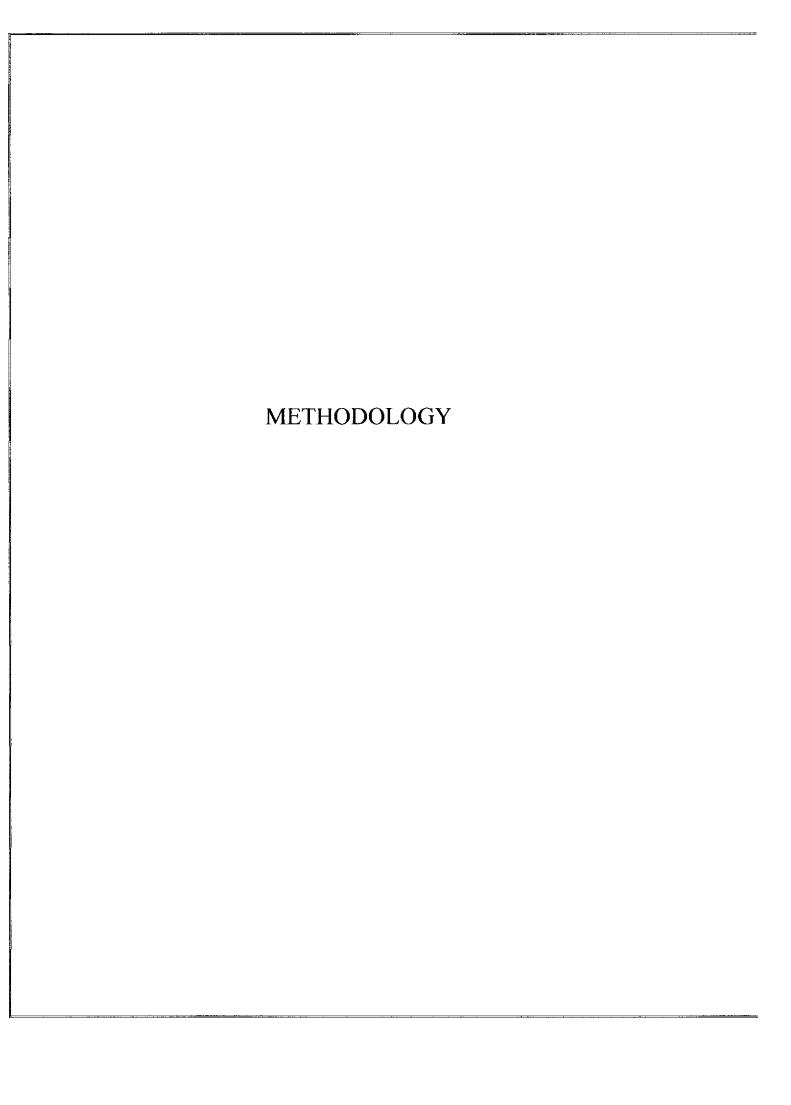
To evaluate the safety and efficacy of antibiotics in post-operative hernioplasty and herniorrhaphy.

Objective:

Cephalosporins like ceftriaxone, aminoglycosides like amikacin and Beta-lactam antibiotics like piperacillin and tazobactam are these clinical efficacies in reducing surgical site infections.

By measuring the wound status of patients by using wound grading during postoperative follow up intervals.

To determine social demographic details and categoric the types of hernia in study population.



5. METHODOLOGY

Research Methodology:

This is a prospective observational study performed and conducted at General surgery department, Government General hospital, Kurnool.

Materials:

A total 73 attended surgical operations in that 58cases are included in the study which are undergone elective surgeries. In this both males and females are included in this study. The duration of this study was 6 months. The study material was used as patient data collection proforma.

Methods:

Individual cases were analysed with regard to following particulars:

- i. Age
- ii. Sex
- iii. Date of admission, Date of surgery
- iv. Investigations
- v. Past history
- vi. Comorbid conditions like Diabetes, Hypertension etc.,

Operative data:

- i. Type of anaesthesia
- ii. Duration of surgery
- iii. Pre-operative preparation

- iv. Post -operative antibiotics
- v. Drains used or not

Patient were selected on the basis of inclusion and exclusion criteria.

Inclusion criteria:

- Patient who is newly diagnosed with hernia.
- Patients of either sex between 18 and 75 years included in our study.
- · Patients representing co-morbid conditions.
- All types of hernia patients are included in the study.

Exclusion criteria:

- Patients age less than 18 years and above 75 years.
- · Patients with malignancies.
- Patients with previous history of hernia surgery.
- · Patients with complicated hernias like strangulated and
- Incarcerated hernia.
- Patients taking steroid

Plan of work:

The data was taken from the patients by collecting data through proforma (patient data collection proforma)



All the hernia cases are elective cases



Before the surgery the patients are prepared with pre-operative antibiotics and clean the body



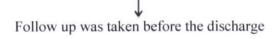
During the surgery the patient was given anaesthesia and the procedure was done according to the condition



After the completion of surgery patient was put on with antibiotics Injection ceftriaxone 1gm and metronidazole to reduce the post-operative infection rate



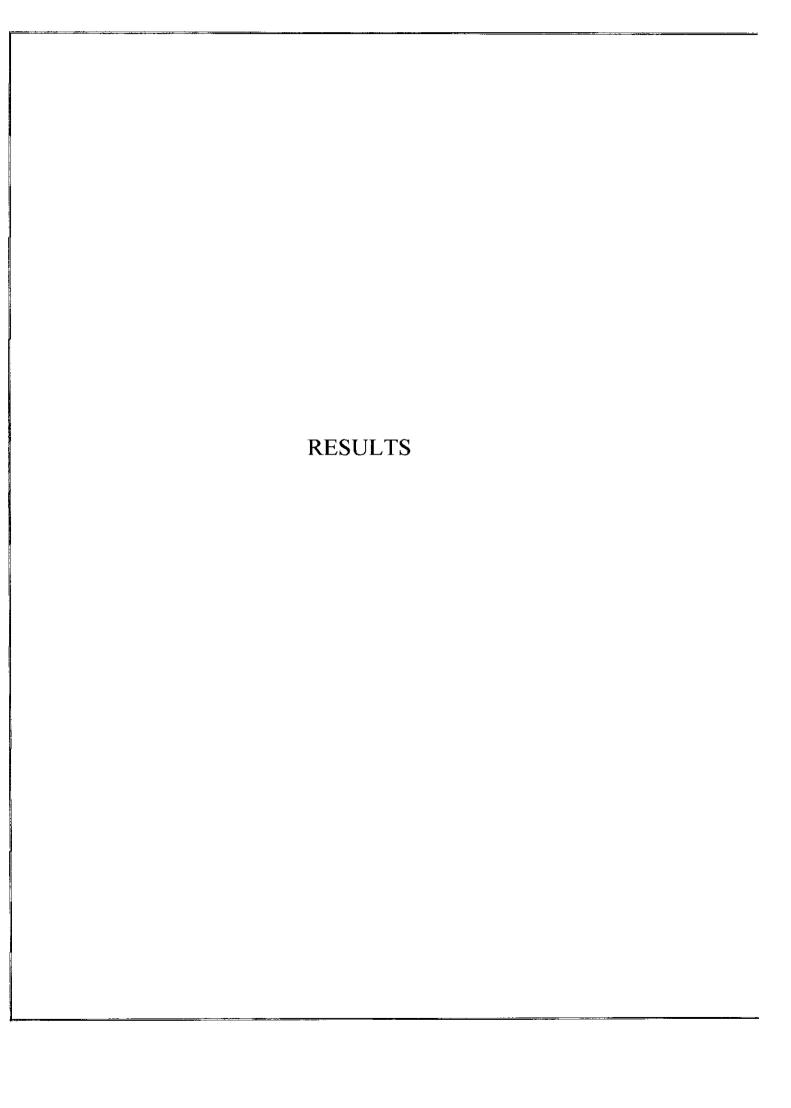
Post-operative safety was measured by wound infection grade up to day 5 of post-operative period





Statistical analysis:

The statistical analysis was carried out to evaluate the effectiveness of different groups post-operative antibiotics by using ANOVA.



6. RESULTS

GENDER DISTRIBUTION OF TOTAL STUDY:

A Total of 73 patients were presented to the general surgery. But only 58 patients have undergone hernia surgery. Among 58 patients 44 (75.95%) were male and other 14 (24.1%) were female which are shown in table below.

Gender	No. of Patients	Percentage (%)
Female	14	24.1
Male	44	75.8

Table.6.0 Gender Distribution

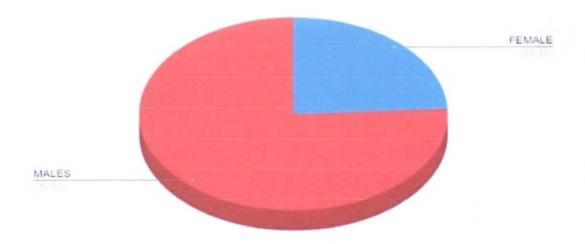


Figure: 6.0 Gender Distribution of Total Study



AGE DISTRIBUTION OF TOTAL STUDY:

Out of fifty-eight patients, 17 (29.3%) patients underwent surgery who are 65-74 years of age which are shown in table and figure.

Age of frequency	No. of Patients	Percentage (%)
16-24	1	1.7
25-34	9	15.5
35-44	8	13.7
45-54	13	22.4
55-64	8	13.7
65-74	17	29.3

Table. 6.1 Age Distribution

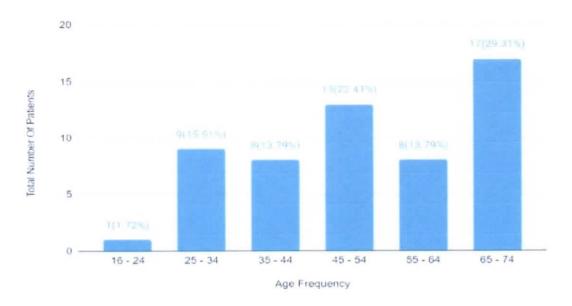


Figure: 6.1 Age Frequency of Total Study



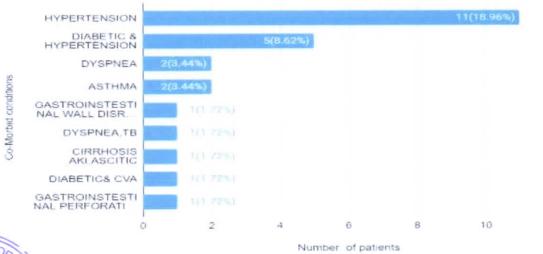
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COMORBID CONDITIONS OF TOTAL STUDY:

Co morbid Conditions in the considered 58 patients gives the details such as patients with hypertension were more 11 (18.9%) when compared to diabetic and hypertension 5(8.6%),asthma 2(3.4%), dyspnea 2 (3.4%), gastrointestinal wall disruption 1 (1.7%), dyspnea, TB 1(1.7%), cirrhosis, AKI, ascites 1 (1.7%) and diabetic and CVA 1(1.7%).

No. of Patients	Percentage (%)
11	18.9
5	8.6
2	3.4
2	3.4
1	1.7
1	1.7
1	1.7
1	1.7
	11 5 2 2

Table.6.2Co morbid Conditions





AGE DISTRIBUTION OF TOTAL STUDY:

Out of fifty-eight patients, 17 (29.3%) patients underwent surgery who are 65-74 years of age which are shown in table and figure.

No. of Patients	Percentage (%)
1	1.7
9	15.5
8	13.7
13	22.4
8	13.7
17	29.3
	1 9 8 13

Table. 6.1 Age Distribution

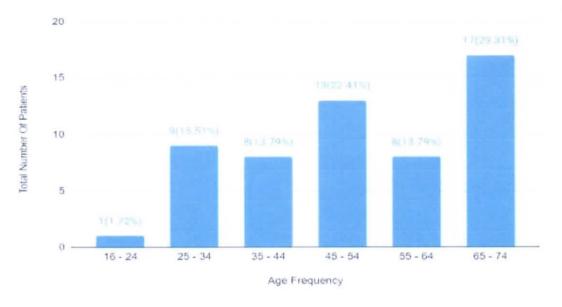


Figure: 6.1 Age Frequency of Total Study



DISTRIBUTION OF TYPE OF HERNIA IN TOTAL STUDY:

The hernia was divided into direct inguinal hernia, indirect inguinal hernia, incisional hernia, paraumbilical hernia, umbilical hernia and epigastric hernia. From an aggregate of 58 patients the direct inguinal hernia was more 17 (29.3%) when contrasted with the incisional 12(20.6%), direct inguinal hernia 11(18.9%), para umbilical hernia 2(3.4%), umbilical hernia 6(10.3%) and epigastric hernia 7(12%). This was represented in table and figure.

Type of Hernia	No. of Patients	Percentage (%)
Direct inguinal Hernia	17	29.3
Incisional Hernia	12	20.6
Indirect inguinal Hernia	11	18.9
Epigastric Hernia	7	12
Umbilical Hernia	6	10.3
Paraumbilical Hernia	2	3.4

Table.6.3 Distribution of Type of Hernia

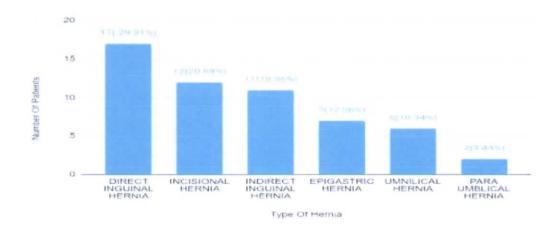




Figure: 6.3 Type of Hernia in Total Study

POST OPERATIVE ANTIBIOTICS OF TOTAL STUDY:

The Post-Operative Antibiotics were divided into ceftriaxone + Metronidazole Group(A), piperacillin/tazobactam + metronidazole Group(B), ceftriaxone + Metronidazole+ amikacin Group(C) and sulbactam sodium + cefoperazone sodium+ metronidazole Group(D). On observation of 58 patients, ceftriaxone + Metronidazole was 40 (67.2%) mostly used when compared to piperacillin/tazobactam + metronidazole is 7 (12%), ceftriaxone + Metronidazole

+ amikacin was 8 (13.7%) and sulbactam sodium + cefoperazone sodium + metronidazole was 3 (5.1%) respectively. The numerical figures are listed in table and also shown with bar graph.

Post-operative antibiotics	No. of Patients	Percentage (%)
Ceftriaxone + Metronidazole	40	67.2
Piperacillin / tazobactam + Metronidazole	7	12
Ceftriaxone + Metronidazole + Amikacin	8	13.7
sulbactam sodium+ cefoperazone sodium + Metronidazole	3	5.1

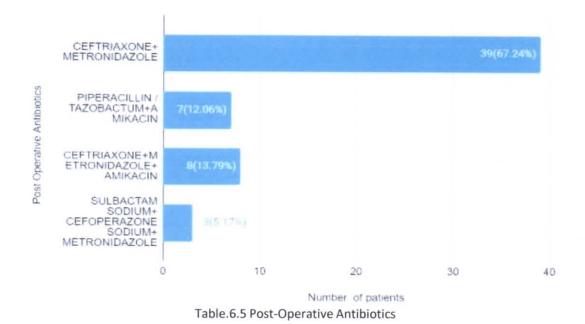


Figure: 6.5 Post-Operative Antibiotics of Total Study



TIMING OF OCCURRENCE OF WOUND INFECTION IN TOTAL STUDY:

The below presented Table and figure gives information about Occurrence of Wound Infection in post operation patients. The patients on day-5 post-operative were more 2 (3.4%), when compared to day-1 post-operative 0 (0%) and day-3 post-operative 1(1.7%) respectively.

Timing of Occurrence	No. of Patients	Percentage (%)
Day 1 post-operative	0	0
Day 3Post operative	1	1.7
Day 5 Post-operative	2	3.4

Table.6.6 Timing of Occurrence of Wound Infection

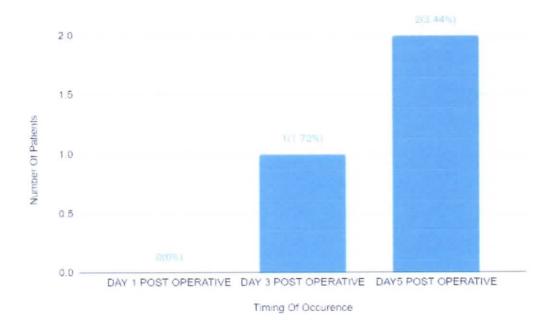


Figure: 6.6 Timing of Occurrence of Wound Infection in Total Study



GRADING OF WOUND INFECTION POSTOPERATIVE ANTIBIOTICS IN TOTALSTUDY:

Table and figure show the Grading of Wound Infection of Post-Operative Antibiotics from a total of 58 patients. The patients with grade 0 were 54(93.1%), when compared to grade-1 it is 2 (3.4%) and grade-2 it is 1 (1.7%) respectively.

Grading of Wound Infection	No. of Patients	Percentage (%)
Grade 0	54	93.1
Grade 1	2	3.4
Grade 2	1	1.7

Table.6.7 Grading of Wound Infection

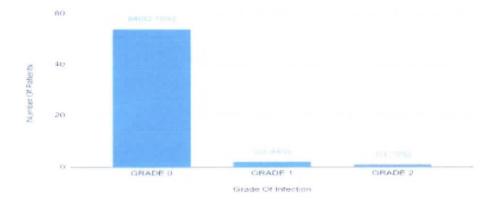


Figure: 6.7 Grading of Wound Infection Post-Operative Antibiotics in Total Study



COMPARISON BETWEEN WOUND STATUS AND POST-OPERATIVE ANTIBIOTICS:

The table and figure show that wound infection which is measured in grades on x axis and post-operative antibiotics in y axis grade 0 infection rate was more in all groups of postoperative antibiotics are Showing similar effects in reducing surgical site infections. Hence p value is not significant value in brackets. This indicates the whole group are showing equal effectiveness in reducing SSI.

$$P = (0.552264)$$

Grades	Group A	Group B	Group C	Group D
Grade 0	39	6	7	3
Grade 1	1	1	0	0
Grade 2	0	0	1	0

Table.6.8. Comparison between wound status and post-operative antibiotics

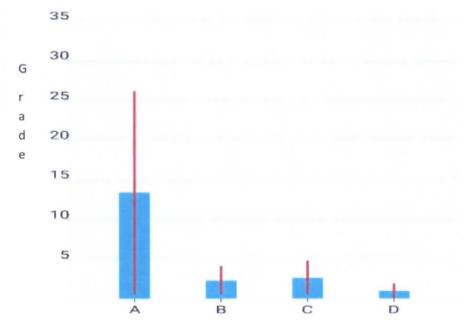


Figure.6.8. Groups of post-operative antibiotics

DISCUSSION



7. DISCUSSION

In our study we found the male patients are more 44(75.8%) when compared to female patients 14(24.1%) but in Bakhtiar Vllah.etal. Study represents female patients are more, this is because of gender difference in accordance of disease and study population size.

In present study the majority of patients underwent surgery who are 65 to 74 years of age with a percentage of 29.3 % but whereas Alagarsamy G.S. et al ... study represents age frequency of 31 to 40 years with a percentage of (33%) underwent more surgeries.

In our study we found that hypertension patients are more with percentage of (18.9%) when compared to patients of diabetic and hypertension 5 (8.6%), asthma 2(3.4%), dyspnea 2(3.4%) gastrointestinal wall disruption 1(1.7%), dyspnea, TB 1(1.7%), diabetic and CVA 1(1.7%).

In the present study we divided the personal habits into smoking, alcoholic and both in which we found that smokers patients are more 14(24%) compared to alcoholic patients 8(13.7%) and both (smoking and alcohol) patients are 5(8.6%), this indicates that who are having smoking are more prone to hernioplasty.

The present study is a prospective observational study in our study we divided the postoperative antibiotics into 4 groups indicates Group A (ceftriaxone +metronidazole) Group B ((piperacillin/tazobactam+ metronidazole), Group C (ceftriaxone +metronidazole + amikacin) Group D (sulbactam sodium + cefoperozone sodium+ metronidazole), on observation of 58 patient's ceftriaxone + metronidazole was given mostly 41 (70.68%) than compared to Group B, Group C, Group D than

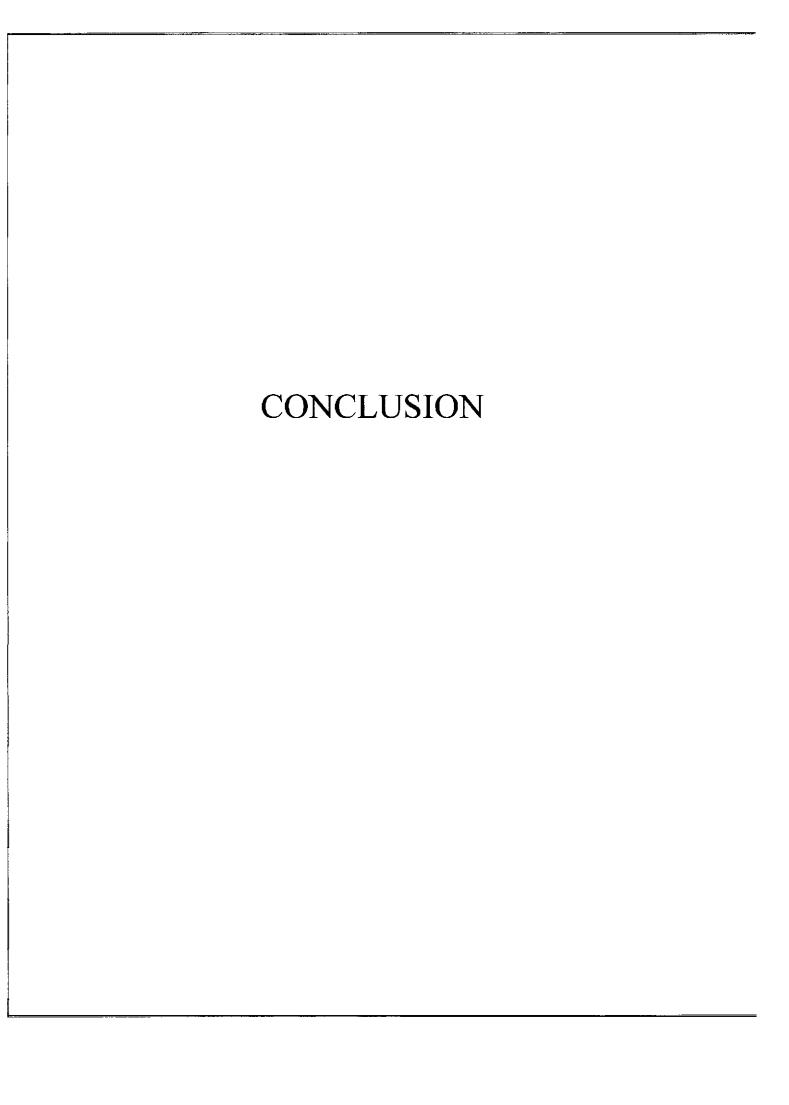


we observe less SSI but in Perez.A. R. etal. study represents by using sulbactam sodium +metronidazole, they include the antibiotics prophylaxis is of no benefit to patients in inguinal hernia this is because of antibiotic difference in accordance to typeof hernia and type of antibiotic prophylaxis used.

In our study, we found that the occurrence of wound infection, SSI in postoperative patients on day 5 postoperative with 2 (3.4%) than compared to the day 1 postoperative 0(0%) and day 3 postoperative 1(1.7%), thus we can observe same SSI on day 5 postoperative in Ergul.Z. et al study.

In the present study the majority of type of hernia is direct inguinal hernia of 17(29.3%). Our results are similar when compared with Alagarsamy G.S et al... with type of hernia is direct inguinal hernia (28.9%).

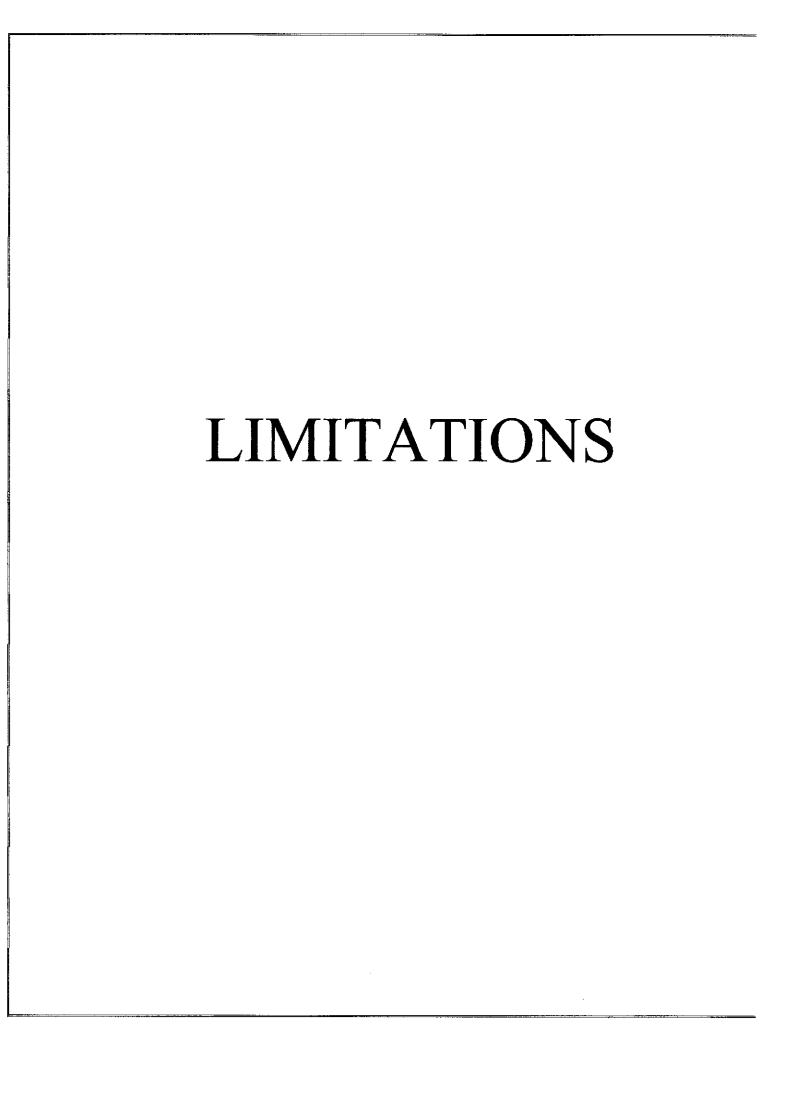
In our study grading of wound infection of postoperative of antibiotics from total 58 patients, the patients with grade 0 were 54(93.1%) which means wound infection is healthy, when compared to Grade 1 it is 2(3.4%) and Grade 2 it is 1(.7%), which means most of the patients wound is healthy in hernia patients.



8. CONCLUSION

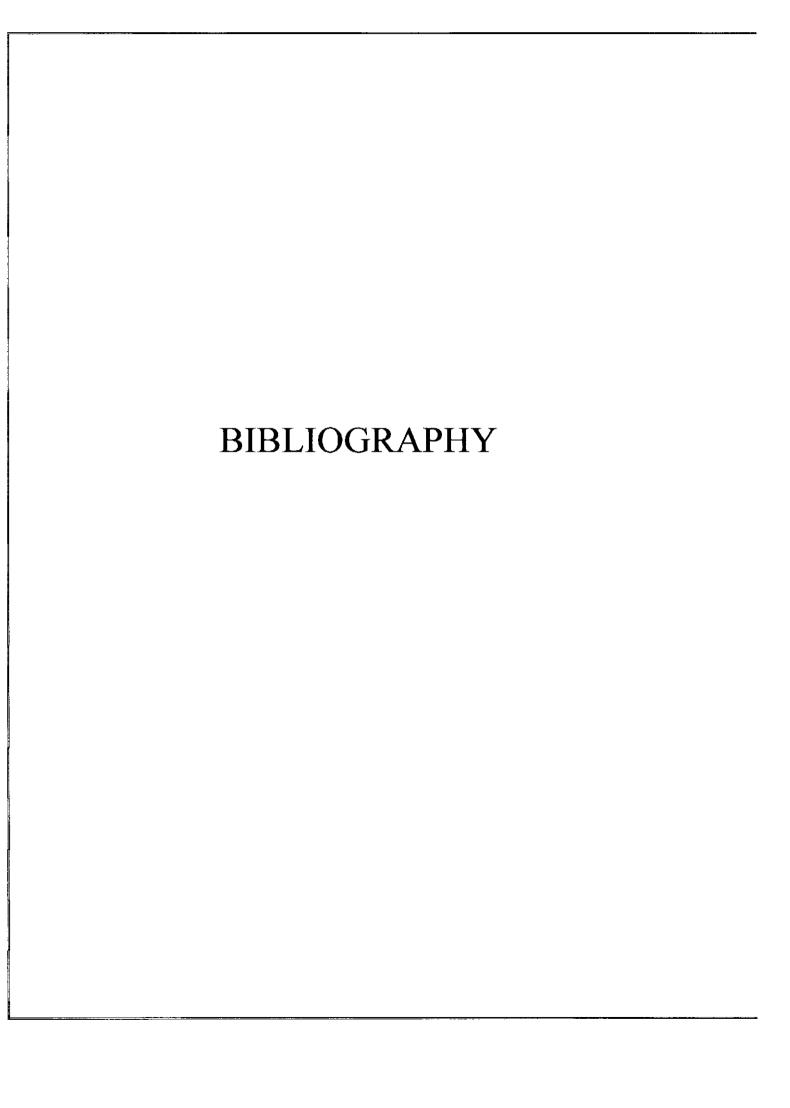
In this study the different groups of post-operative antibiotics like ceftriaxone, piperacillin plus tazobactam with ceftriaxone, Amikacin with ceftriaxone and sulbactam plus cepoferazone sodium with ceftriaxone and metronidazole are showing equal effectiveness in reducing surgical site infections in both comorbid and non-morbid conditions. It is concluded that post-operative administration of antibiotics decreases risk of wound infection in study population.





9. LIMITATIONS

- 1) The study period is shorter for making the surgical site infection rate.
- In our study we did not compare the pre-operative and postoperative effectiveness of antibiotics in hernia population.



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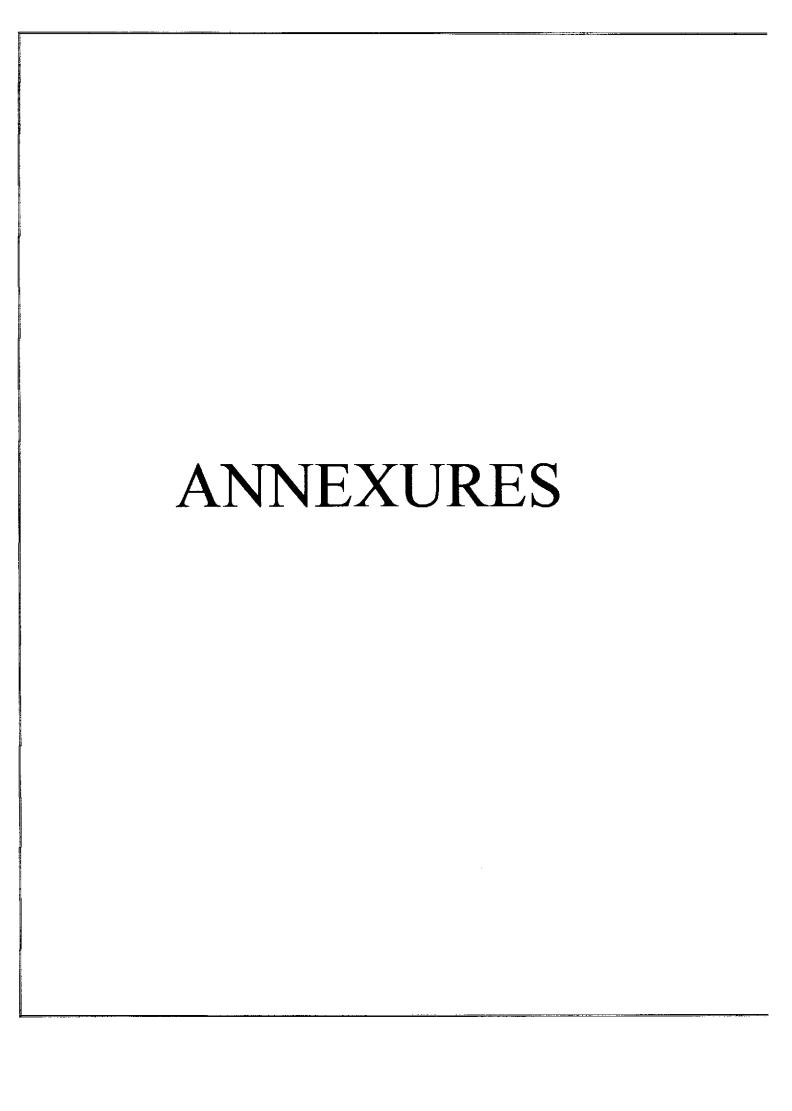
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ANNEXURES

Dr. K. V. SUBBA REDDY INSTITUTE OF PHARMACY

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Government General Hospital, KMC, Kurnool)

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mail: principalkvsrip@gmail.com

Cell: +919440282181, +919704333789

Fax: 08518-287618

Institutional Research Board (IRB)

APPROVAL OF RESEARCH WORKSUBMISSION

This is to certify that research project entitled "EVALUATION OF SAFETY AND EFFICACY OF ANTIBIOTICS IN POST OPERATIVE HERNIOPLASTY AND

HERNIORRHAPHY" bearing research protocol approval number - KVSP/IRB/2020-2021/Pharm.D/PROJ/018, which was carried out as research work at our Institution and Government General Hospital (GGH), Kurnool has been scrutinized for authenticity as per the available literature. Hence, the Institutional Research Board (IRB) of this institution approves the submission of the researchwork for further evaluation process.

Chairperson

Institutional Research Board (IRB) Dr.

K.V. Subba Reddy Institute of Pharmacy

Dupadu, Kurnool- 518218

Andhra Pradesh, India.

Project Proforma



DR.K.V. SUBBA REDDY INSTITUTE OF PHARMACY WITH SUPPORT OF GGH, KURNOOL [AP]

Name:

Age:

Sex:

Ip no:

DATE OF ADMISSION:

DATE OF SURGERY: DATE

OF DISCHARGE:

ADDRESS:

OCCUPATION:

CHIEF COMPLAINTS:

A. SWELLING

B. PAIN

C. VOMITING

HISTORY OF PRESENT ILLNESS:

1) SWELLING- SITE-

SIZE-

2) PAIN-

NATURE AND SEVERITY OF PAIN-

SITE AND INTENSITY OF PAIN-

- 3) VOMITING/NAUSEA
- 4) CONSTIPATION

PAST HISTORY:

PERSONAL HISTORY:

A. DIET

D. BOWEL HABITS

B. APPETITE

E. BLADDER HABITS

C. SMOKING

FAMILY HISTORY:

PAST SURGERYS:



GENERAL PHYSICAL EXAMINATION:

APPEARANCE ANAMEIA BUILT CYNOSIS -

5. JAUNDICE- 6. EDEMA-

VITALS:

PULSE- BLOOD PRESSURE-

TEMPERATURE-

RESPIRATORY RATE-

PRE-OPERATIVE LOCAL

EXAMINATION:

INSPECTION- 1. SWELLING

A. POSITION

B. EXTENT

C. SIZE

D. SHAPE

E. REDUCIBILITY IN RECUMBENT POITION ORNOT

PALPATION

PERCUSSION

AUSCULTATION

SYSTEMIC EXAMINATION:

TYPE OF HERNIA:

TYPE OF SURGERY: OPEN LAPROSCOPIC

DIAGNOSIS:



PROGRESS CHART



OPERATIVE:

- A. PRE-OPERATIVE PREPARATION-
- B. ANAESTHESIA-
- C. OPERATIVE NOTES-



D. POST-OPERATIVE PERIOD-

POST-OPERATIVE ANTIBIOTIC

DAY I	DAY 3	DAY 5



WOUND STATUS:

GRADE 1

Redness or putules near one or more stiches.[Stich abscess]

GRADE 2

: Minor Infection of wound without separation[Mild infection]

of wound edges. Slight sero-purulent or

Purulent discharge. No systemic reaction.

GRADE 3 infection]

: Frank infection in relatively a small portion of Moderate

the wound with purulent discharge and

Possibly some systemic reaction present.

GRADE 4 infection]

: Frank infection of a large portion of the wound[Severe

with abscess formation usually with systemic

Reaction and wound dehiscence.

DRUG CHART

DRUG NAME	INDICATIO N	FREQUENC Y	ROA	FROM	ТО





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Princip	oal / Correspon	ndent		Date :	**********

ADVERSE DRUG REACTION

TYPE OF ADVERSE DURG REACTION

SCORE

MANAGEMENT

FOLLOW UP-

A. CONDITION OF PATIENT

B. CONDITION OF WOUND

C. ABDOMINAL PAIN

D. ANY COMPLICATIONS

DISCHARGE NOTES:



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CASE STUDY LEARNING

Case studies are a written description of a real-life problem or situation. Only the facts are provided, usually in chronologic sequence similar to what would be encountered in a patient care setting. The use of cases actively involves the students in the analysis of facts and details of the case in the traditional format called SOAP analysis, by selection of a solution to the problem and defense of his or her solution through discussion of the case details. In the case based learning students use their recall of previously learned information to solve clinical case. The case method is used primarily to develop the skills of self-learning, critical thinking, problem identification, and decision making. Working on subsequent cases with similar problems reinforces information recall. Case studies in the health sciences provides the personal history of an individual patient and information about 1 or more health problems that must be solved. The students work through the facts of the case, analyze the available data, gather more information, develop hypotheses, consider possible solutions, arrive at the optimal solution and consider the consequences of the learner's decisions. The use of the case studies and other active learning strategies will enhance the development of essential skills necessary to practice pharmacy in any setting, including community, ambulatory care, primary care, health systems. Long term care. Home health care, managed care and the pharmaceutical industry.



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15ER1T0003	M. HARISH							
13ERITUOIS	G. VHAYA BHARATHI	MM-5	General Surgery	Pediantes	and the same of	MM-1		
15ER110019	D. VASMIN	M34-6	Continue Dangery	Fedurations	Gynecology	MM-2	FM-F-EM-2	
15ER1T0009	UPRATHYUSHA							
15ER110007	RMOUNISA							
ISERTTOOLS.	A. VIHARIKA	General Surgery	Pediatrics		MMH		MM-5	
15ER1T0004	M HABIBURRAHMAN	Control of the Contro	Fediaties	Gynecology	MM-2	EM-1 ,EM-2	MM-6	
15ER1T0023	T. RISHIKA REDDY							
15ER1T0022	CSHARMILA							
15ER1T0017	M. VINEELA	Podiatrics		MMH		MAN-S		
15ER1T0025	CRSSUBRAMANYAM	Pediatrics	Gyneculogy	MM-2	FM-1 FM-2	MM-0	General Surger	
ISERTIOOS	V. PRAVALLIKA							
15ERITOGII	D. SHIRISHA							
ISER (TOOD)	M.HARLPRASAD	Gymycology	MMH		MM-5			
1SER1T0014	S TARLIN	Asymptotogy	MM-2	FM-I FM-2	MM-6	General Surgery	Penantes	
15ER1T0021	AMAL SAIFEV							
15ER170013	P. SWOSTYA							
15ER1T0012	SVED SAHERA	MM-DMM-2	ENGLISHES	MM-5	General Surgery	Pediatrics		
15ER1T0010	N. SAMBEEN			MM-6	Annual Sulface	Petratrics.	Gyrnesology	
1SER1T0024	D VINAY KUMAR							
15ER1T0026	K. SHIVA KUMAR	EMG (EMG2)	MM-5	General Surgary	Poliatrics		MM-1	
15ER1T0020	SNAYTEM		NEMON	Control of the Contro	romanice	Gynceology	MM-1	

DE K.V. SUBBAREDDY INSTITUTE OF PHARMACY KURNOOL

Dr KVSR Interest P.
Opp. Dupacu R.S. N.H-7.
KURNOOL S18215 (A.P.)

SUPERINTENDENT GOVERNMENT GENERAL HOSPITAL KURNOOL

Date:



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7EE1T9002 D	SANDVA							
	CHETHANA	MM-3	MMS		36567			
	ARA SHAHATA	NIM-4	5131-6	Orthopolics	M115.8	General surgery	Frichister	Patient Consisting
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	RUKSAR							
17ER1T0013 S	AKE SUHASINI	Orthopedies	MM-7	General			3431-3	Missis
	SHAFIYA		MNI-8	mergacy	Pyschiatry	Patient Connecting	2471-4	3631-6
17ER1T0016 S	HAIK WASDIA							
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	RUMSHA RUKSAR							
	SHAIK THASLEEM	General surgery	Psychiatry	Patient	3031-3	MMS	Outro	N111-7
	THUME YAMMINI			Counseling	N855-4	3131-6	Orthopedice	3658.8
	EMULA							
	S. VISWANATH							
	CATHULAL REDBY							
	ROTTELA NEERAJ	Psychiatry	Countries	M51-3	MM-5	Orthopolics	MM-7	
	KARTHIK KUMAR		Consisting	MM-4	2111-6		MMA	General surgery
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Dr. K.V. Subba Reddy Institute of Pharmacy

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Dr. K. V. Subba Reddy Institute of Pharmacy, Dupadu Kurnool (M.O.U WITH G.G.H KURNOOL)

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Rell No	Names	December (28/12/2020) -January (2021)	February-March	April-May	June-July	August-Septem	be Ortuber-Navous	beilbreicher (38:12/2021)
ISER1T0001	BOYA RAMADEVI							
18ER1T0002	G. SALVILASHINI				Patient	FM-2	MM-5	
ISERITO003	GANTA EDIGA LIKITHA	DVL	Orthopedics	Pediatries	Counselling	FM-5	3131-6	General surgey:
18ER1T0004	JAKKA DIVYASREE				Countering	1000		
18ER1T0005	JUTURU HEMALATHA							
18ER1T0007	MUNAGALA MANIPRASANN							
18ERITUGOS	MUNAGALA RADIIIKA					1000		
181R1T0010	PINJARI ASMA	Orthopolics	Pediatries	Patient	1 M-2 1 M-5	MM-6	General surger	10.71
18ER110012				Counciling	Tales	MAN TO SERVICE		
	BIAIK ZUWERIYA SULTHAN							
18ER1T0014	DDAMALLA DURGA PAVITI							
18ER1T0015	SUGALI VANI							
18ER110016	THALIKKAL JAHNAVI	Pediatrics	Patient Counselling	FM-2	MM-5	General surgey	DVL	Orthopodies
18FR1T001				131-5	5134-6			
INERITOOS	VALIALA TEJASWINI							
18ERIT901	VANGARA MALLESHWARI							
18ER1T002	JAMMANZAI ZUHA KHANAN							
ISERIT002	KAMATHAM KEERTHANA	Patient Conrecling	FM-2 FM-5	MM-6	General surgey	DVL	Orthopedics	Pediatrics
18ER1T002	KAMMARA DUVYA SIRISHA	1	191-5	3131-0				
18ER11002	5 IN SAHEB SHAIK ASMA PAR							
18ER11002	6 EDDIPALLI ROHINI VANBAN							
18ER11902	9 SHAIK SANA AFREEN		MM-5					
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PRINCIPAL

Dr. K.V.SUBBA REDDY INSTITUTE OF PHARMACY KURNOOL

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Dr. K.V.S.R. Institute of Pharmacy Opp Busadu R.S. N.H-7. KURNOOL-518218 (A.P.)

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PERITW24	TALAGRESUPEA			10.47	24.44	1.40	Patient Counseling	MM-2		
158/81110125	S. NAVYASKEE									
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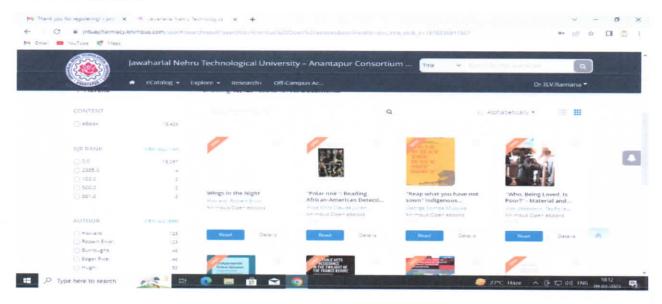
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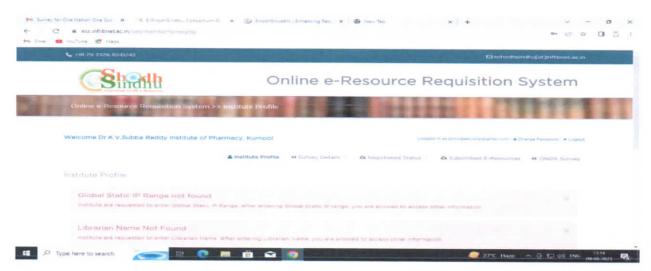
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Date :

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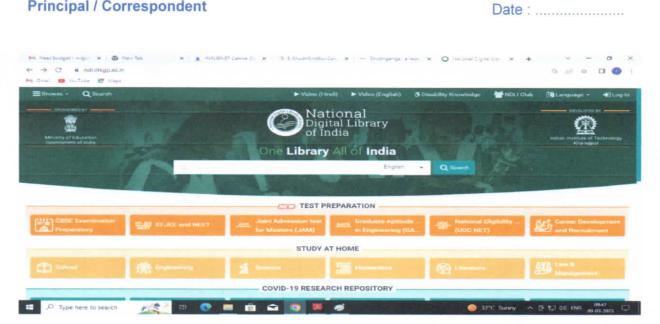


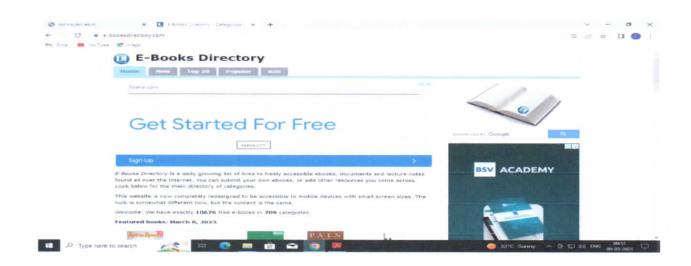


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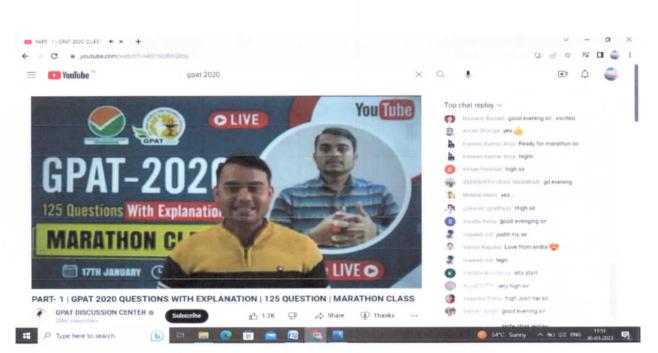


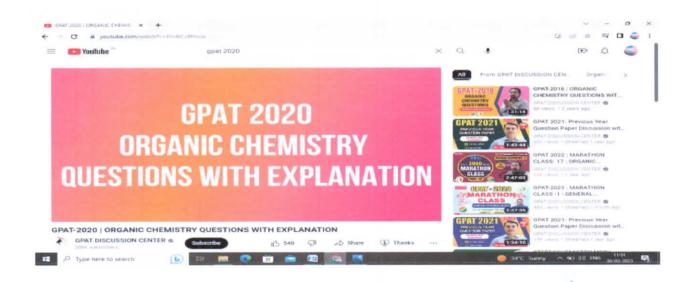
Dr. K.V. Subba Reddy Institute of Pharmacy

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Principal / Correspondent





Date :



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Number of teachers and students using the library per day over last year harmacy opp: Dupadu R.S. N.H.-44, KURNOOL-518218 (A.P.)



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Date						
Date			 	 	 	

Number of teachers and students using the library per day over last year

Last page of accession register	Method of computing Per day usage of library	No. of users using library through e- access per day	No. of teachers accessing library per day	No. of students accessing library per day	Certified E- copy of the ledger of the data for 5days	Certified screenshots of the data for 5 days for online access
-	Gate register	195	41	355	-	-

Percentage per day usage of library by teachers and students:

Number of students=650

Number of teachers=51

Formula= (Number of teachers and students using the library perday/Total number of teachers and students) X 100

 $= (591/650) \times 100$

=90.92

Dr. K.V.S.R. Institute of Pharmany
Opp: Dupadu R.S. N. H.-44.
KURNOOL-516723 [A.P.)



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WORKSHOP & GUEST LECTURES:

	AY @ 2020-21	
1.	One day workshop on application of statistical tools for successful pharmaceuticals development	Mr. Kabiruddin Khan (Jadavpur <u>University</u>)
2.	One day Conference on current regulation for medical devices &diagnostics	Mr. K. Rama Krishna (IIT-BHU, PhD scholar)
3.	One day webinar on "Application of CADD Techniques in the Identification of Natural Products based Potential Inhibitors Against COVID-19"	Mr. Sk. Abdul Amin (Jadavpur University)
4.	One day conference on "Applications of Molecular Modelling Tools in Drug Discovery"	Mr. Mohsin Pathan Khan (NIPER-K)
5.	One day webinar on Bioavailability and Biodistribution Studies for Design of Novel Delivery Systems	Mr. Vaibhav Burse
6.	One day Conference on Formulation Development and pharmacokinetic studies of Phyto-pharmaceuticals	Dr. Prashant. T
7.	One day webinar on Analytical and statistical tools for bioavailability & bioequivalence studies"	Dr. Ashish Kumar Agrawal
8.	Conference on "Applications of Molecular Modelling Tools in Drug Discovery"	Dr. Neha Tripathi
9.	Conference on Basics of Molecular Modelling, Drug Metabolism and Drug Toxicity Prediction.	Dr. Probir Kumar Ojha (JU)
10.	One day conference on COVID transmission, virulence and possible drug targets, Pharmaceutical Care & Management Perspectives of COVID-19 Pandemic	Dr. N. Bala Gurappa
11.	One day conference on Pharmacological approaches targeting COVID-19 and post pandemic role of pharmacists	Dr. Y. Lohitha
12.	Conference on Pharmacokinetic Compartment Modelling and Simulation Techniques,	Dr. T. Gopala Krishna Murthy
13.	Conference on Career Prospects in Pharmacy, Orientation & Induction Programme	Dr. N. Ravi Prakash
14.	Conference on PK studies of Phyto-pharmaceutical Drugs	Dr. Mallikarjun
15.	A webinar on "Machine Learning Based Model for Identification of New Anti-tubercular Molecules"	Mr. T. Gopi
16.	Conference on Webinar on Basics of research	Dr. S. Balaji (IICT)
17.	One day Webinar on E-learning in Pharmaceutical Sciences	Dr. Ashutosh Kumar



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Date			
Date		 	

PHARMACY SEMINARS:

	1 1 1 1 1 1 1	DR.K.V.SUBBREDDY INSTITU	TE OF PHARMACY, DUPADU, KURNOOL		
			y B.Pharmacy Modenty in Academic Year 2020-21		
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DEPARTMENT OF PHARMACY (2020-2021)

CIRCULAR

DATE: 29/01/2020

All the faculty and students here by informed that the Group Discussion Program will be conducted for B pharmacy & Pharm.D students on the 31st January 2020 as per the following schedule. All the faculty & students are instructed to note the same and attend the program as per the schedule.

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Copy to faculty members



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Group Discussion Session

AY: 2020-2021

Group Discussions help to check students 'interactive skills and how effective they are in communicating with people. The GD is to check how one behave, participate and contribute in a group, how much importance do you give to the group objective as well as your own, how well do you listen to viewpoints of others and how open-minded are you in accepting views contrary to your own. The aspects which make up a GD are verbal communication, non-verbal behavior, and conformation to norms, decision-making ability and cooperation. The following skills are required in GD.

- ♦ Communication Skills
- ♦ Interpersonal Skills
- ♦ Leadership Skills
- Motivational Skills
- ◆ Team Building Skills
- ♦ Tolerance
- ♦ Clarity over Ambiguity
- ♦ Divergent Thinking
- ♦ Listening skills
- ♦ Presentation Skills
- ♦ Analytical / Logical skills



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Topic:

Steroids should be accepted in sports. Discuss about it.

Most serious athletes feel a strong drive to win. They often dream big too. Some athletes want to play for professional sports teams. Others want to win medals for their countries. The pressure to win leads some athletes to use drugs that might give them an edge. These are called performance-enhancing drugs. Use of these drugs is known as doping.

But doping comes with risks. Learn more about the effects that performance-enhancing drugs can have on health.

Anabolic steroids are drugs that athletes take to boost their strength and add muscle. These drugs also are called anabolic-androgenic steroids. They are made to work like a hormone that the body makes called testosterone.



Testosterone has two main effects on the body:

Helps build muscle.



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Causes features such as facial hair and a deeper voice.
 The anabolic steroids used by athletes are often forms of testosterone made in a lab.

Some people use anabolic steroids for medical reasons. But doping for sports isn't one of the uses the drugs are approved for.



These drugs might lower the damage that happens to muscles during a hard workout. That could help athletes bounce back faster from a workout. They might be able to exercise harder and more often. Some people also may like how their muscles look when they take these drugs.

More-dangerous types of anabolic steroids are called designer steroids. Some drug tests may not be able to spot them in a person's body. Anabolic steroids have no medical use that's approved by the government.



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Batch of 20 B.Pharm students attended the session conducted on 31/01/20

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DEPARTMENT OF PHARMACY (2020-2021)

CIRCULAR

DATE: 26/08/2020

All the faculty and students here by informed that the Debate Program will be conducted for B pharmacy & Pharm.D students on the 28/08/2020 as per the following schedule. All the faculty & students are instructed to note the same and attend the program as per the schedule.

Copy to faculty members



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Debate

AY: 2020-2021

Debate is a process that involves formal discourse on a particular topic, often including a moderator and audience. In a debate, arguments are put forward for common opposing viewpoints. Debates have historically occurred in public meetings, academic institutions, debate halls, coffee houses, competitions, and legislative assemblies. Debates has also been conducted for educational and recreational purposes, usually associated with educational establishments and debating societies.

- 1.Develop excellent oral and written communication skills.
- 2.Develop excellent critical thinking skills.
- 3. Develop effective tools for research, organization and presentation.
- 4. Develop strategies to overcome fears of public speaking.
- 5. Discover the confidence and desire to participate in all academic classes.

Benefits:

- Confidence Belief in themselves and their abilities, and the desire to participate in all classes.
- Curiosity The passion of discovery through effective tools for research, organization and presentation.
- Critical Thinking How to explore the world through the lens of an inquisitive mind.
- Communication Oral & written skills and strategies for lively yet respectful discussions & disagreements.
- Control Eliminate the fears of public speaking.
- Creativity The desire to explore, create and invent.
- Camaraderie Meet like-minded peers at tournaments and build healthy bonds of competition.
- Leadership Self-motivation and the ability to delegate assignments and manage peers.

Debates teaches individuals the importance of being prepared to listen. First, it trains people in the mental preparation of listening – having a listening plan. During a debate you listen for specific things, points you want to answer, weakness in logic, supporting material and key points.



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Summary:Using debates in the classroom provides students the opportunity to explore real-world topics and issues. Debates also engage students through self reflection and encourage them to learn from their peers.

Topic:

Legalise the sale of human organs

Legalisation of the sale of organs will eliminate the corruption that has led to reported executions and 'thefts' of organs. A successful transplant operation is dependent upon knowledge of certain characteristics of the donor. Therefore the origin of the organ must be known. The black market cannot be regulated, but its purpose would be defeated once the sale of organs became lawful.





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Legalising may increase the number of lives saved but it will also lead to further social division. The poor will sell their organs more because of their need for money but will not be able to buy organs if they need. It will act like a double-edged sword. They could benefit if someone donated the required organ.



A debate on "Legalise the sale of human organs" was conducted on 28/08/2020 and the students of B PHARMACY have actively participated in this session.

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Date		

Date:10/10/2020

DEPARTMENT OF PHARMACY(A.Y:2020-2021)

CIRCULAR

All the I year B.pharmacy faculty and students here by informed that the bridge course will be conducted for I year B.pharmacy & Pharm.D students on 12/10/2020 to 16/10/2020 as per the following schedule. All the faculty & students are instructed to note the same and attend the classes as per the schedule.

S.NO	DATES	TIME	SUBJECT	
1	12/10/2020 TO	9-10AM	PHARMACEUTICALCHEMISTRY	FACULTY
2	16/10/2020		TO SO THE TECHENIST R	K.CHADRASEKHAR
2	12/10/2020 TO 16/10/2020	10-11AM	PHARMACEUTICALANALYSIS	P.T.NAGA RAJU
3	12/10/2020 TO 16/10/2020	11-12AM	MATHEMATICS/REMEDIALBIOLOGY	V.ANURADHA
4	S 12/10/2020 TO 16/10/2020	2-3PM	COMMUNICATION SKILLS	S.SREELEKHA

COPY TO FACULTY MEMBERS

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PHARMACEUTICALCHEMISTRY:

S.NO	TOPIC NAME	NO.OF HOURS
1	Introduction to pharmaceutical chemistry	2
2	Basics of chemistry	2
3	General preparations and methods of compounds	2
4	methods of radio pharmaceuticals preparations	2
5	Basic tests for purity of compounds	2
	TOTAL	10

PHARMACEUTICAL ANALYSIS:

S.NO	TOPIC NAME	NO.OF HOURS
1	Basic concepts of analaysis	2
2	Basic theories of titration methods	2
3	Different preparation & Methods of standardization	2
4	Concepts of oxidation & reduction	2
5	Methods of electro chemical methods of analysis	2
	TOTAL	10



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MATHEMATICS:

S.NO	TOPIC NAME	NO.OF HOURS
1	Theory and their application in pharmacy	2
2	Solving different types of problems by applying theory	2
3	Basic introduction of Logarithms	2
4	Basic introduction of Matrices and Determinant	2
5	Applications in solving chemical kinetics and pharmacokinetic equations	2
	TOTAL	10

COMMUNICATION SKILLS:

S.NO	TOPIC NAME	NO.OF HOURS
1	Learning Basic communication skills	2
2	basic learning of listening skills	2
3	Basic understanding of writing skills	2
4	Learning of presentation skills	2
5	Learning of interview skills	2
	TOTAL	10

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Dr. K.V.S.B. Institute of Pharmers Opp: Dupadu R.S. N.Fl. 44 KURNOOL-518218 (A.P.)



Dr. K.V. Subba Reddy Institute of Pharmacy

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E-mail: principalkvsrip@gmail.com www.drkvsrip.ac.in

Principal / Correspondent

Dat	_	-				
Dat	е	1	 	 	 	

Date:17/10/2020

DEPARTMENT OF PHARMACY (AY:2020-2021)

CIRCULAR

All the II year B.Pharmacy faculty and students here by informed that the bridge course will be conducted for II year B.Pharmacy later entry students on 19/10/2020 to 22/10/2020 as per the following schedule. All the faculty & students are instructed to note the same and attend the classes as per the schedule.

S.NO	DATES	TIME	SUBJECT	FACULTY
1	19/10/2020 TO 22/10/2020	9AM-10AM	chemīstry	K.CHADRASEKHAR
2	19/10/2020 TO 22/10/2020	10AM-11AM	Computer applications	S.PAVAN KUMAR

COPY TO FACULTY MEMBERS

Or. K.V.S.A. Institute of Pharmacy Opp: Dupadu R.S. N.A.-44. PRINCIPAL KURNOOL-518213 (A.P.)



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PHARMACEUTICAL CHEMISTRY:

S.NO	TOPIC NAME	NO.OF HOURS
1	Introduction to pharmaceutical chemistry	2
2	Basics of chemistry	2
3	General preparations and methods of compounds	2
4	methods of radio pharmaceuticals preparations	2
5	Basic tests for purity of compounds	2 -
	TOTALS	10

COMPUTER APPLICATIONS:

S.NO	TOPIC NAME	NO.OF HOURS
1	Types of applications of computers in pharmacy	2
2	Concepts of information system and softwares used in pharmacy	2
3	Web technologies (HTML,XML,CSS,MS ACCESS)	2
4	Objectives of Bio informatics	2
5	Data analysis in pre clinical development	2 -
	TOTAL	10

PRINCIPAL

Dr. K.V.S.R. Institute of Phermacy

Opp: Dupadu R.S. N.H.-44

KURNOOL-5#8213 Money

DR.K.V.SUBBAREDDY INSTITUTE OF PHARMACY, DUPADU, KURNOOL (AY:20-21)

PHARMACEUTICAL CHEMISTRY:

S.NO	NAME OF THE STUDENT	19/10/20	20 10 20	21/10/20	22/10/202
20ER5R0001	ARUN PRATHAP		V	5	V
20ER5R0002	ABDUL REHMAN	V	V	V	
20ER5R0003	ABDUL IRFAN	~	V	V	
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COMPUTER APPLICATIONS

S.NO	NAME OF THE STUDENT	19/10/20	20/10/20	21/10/20	22/10/2
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20ER5R0002	ABDUL REHMAN	V	V	, \	
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PRINCIPAL

Dr. K.V.S.R. Institute of Pharmacy Opp: Dupadu R.S. N.H.-44. KURNOOL-518218 (A.P.)



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E-mail: principalkvsrip@gmail.comwww.drkvsrip.ac.in

Principal / Correspondent

Date :

Date:19/09/2020

DEPARTMENT OF PHARMACY (2020-2021) CIRCULAR

All the B.Pharmacy faculty and students here by informed that the Remedial classes will be conducted for B. Pharmacy & Pharm.D students on 21/09/2020 to 26/10/2021 as per the following schedule. All the faculty & students are instructed to note the same and attend the classes as per the schedule

Copy to the faculty members

Dr. K.V.S.R. Institute of Pharmacy Opp: Dupadu R.S. N.H.-44, KURNOOL-518218 (A.P.)

Opp: Dupadu R.S. N.H.-64, XURNOOL-518218 (A.P.)

AL Pharmacy



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E-mail: principalkvsrip@gmail.com www.drkvsrip.ac.in

Princip	al / Corre	spondent
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Department of B. Pharmacy

Following are the students from B. Pharmacy II, III & IV years I semester who need to attend remedial classes without fail.

		II Year I Sem	100°	
19ER1R0008	19ER1R0014	19ER1R0020	19ER1R0021	19ER1R0022
19ER1R0036	19ER1R0039	19ER1R0049	19ER1R0060	19ER1R0070

		III Year I Sem		
18ER1R0001	18ER1R0008	18ER1R0013	18ER1R0015	18ER1R0017
18ER1R0018	18ER1R0034			

		IV Year I Sem		
17ER1R0008	17ER1R0044	17ER1R00059	17ER 1R0062	17ER1R0065
17ER1R0069	17ER1R0077			

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Principal / Correspondent

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Department of B. Pharmacy

Timetable for Remedial Classes

Year & Sem: II - I

Academic Year: 2020-21

Day	Timings	Faculty	Subject	Venue	Sign
Monday	5:00PM - 6:00PM	C.S.PARAMESWARI	PE	Room No.102	Cos pelie
Tuesday	5:00PM - 6:00PM	S.RESHMA	PP	Room No.102	82

Year & Sem: III - I

Academic Year: 2020-21

Day	Timings	Faculty	Subject	Venue	Sign
Monday	5:00PM - 6:00PM	K.SARA SIRISHA	MOOCS-I	Room No.103	Kalste
Tuesday	5:00PM - 6:00PM	R.MOHAN A PRIYA	MC-I	Room No.103	M

Year & Sem: IV - I

Academic Year: 2020-21

Day	Timings	Faculty	Subject	Venue	Sign
Monday	5:00PM - 6:00PM	DR.B.V.RAMANA	NDDS	Room No.104	B. When
Tuesday	5:00PM - 6:00PM	DR.K.CHANDRA SEKHAR	MC-II	Room No.104	y

PRINCIPAL

Dr. K.V.S.R. PRINCIPAL armacy

Opp: Dupadu R.S. N.H.-44,

KURNOOL-518218 (A.F.)

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Principal / Correspondent

Date:

Department of B. Pharmacy

Attendance for Remedial Classes

Course Name: PE

Year: II-I

Course Faculty: C.S. PARAMESWARI

A.Y: 2020-21

S. No.	Roll No.	21-09-2020	28-09-2020	05-10-2020	12-10-2020	19-10-2020	26-10-2020
1	19ER1R0008	V	Х 3	V	V	V	V
2	19ER1R0014	V	/	×	V	V	
3	19ER1R0020	V	/	X	V	V	V
4	19ER1R0021	V	1	V	×	V	V
5	19ER1R0022	V	1	-	1	X	V
6	19ER1R0036	/			Х	1	
7	19ER1R0039	V	V.	X			
8	19ER1R0049	V	×	~			1
9	19ER1R0060	×			V	V	
10	19ER1R0070	V	V	-	V	×	
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E-mail: principalkvsrip@gmail.com www.drkvsrip.ac.ip....

Principal / Correspondent

Date :

Department of B.PHARMACY

Attendance for Remedial Classes

Course Name: PP

Year: II - I

Course Faculty: S.RESHMA

A.Y: 2020-21

S. No.	Roll No.	22-09-2020	29-9-2020	06-10-2020	-13-10-2020	20-10-2020	27-10-2020
1	19ER1R0008	: 2	X		1	1	/
2	19ER1R0014	/	~	X	V	- V	
3	19ER1R0020	1/	~		X	1	~
4	19ER1R0021	~	V	X			V
5	19ER1R0022		V		X		/
6	19ER1R0036	V	V	X	V	/	/
7	19ER1R0039		1	V	X	V.	~
8	19ER1R0049	2	1	X	V	-	V
9	19ER1R0060	2	V	V	X	L	V
10	19ER1R0070	V	V	V	_V	7	V,
Fa	aculty Sign	Replie	Roslan	Rem	Resto	Reflex	Pal

Dr. K. V PRINCIPAL of Pharmacy KURNOOL-518218 (A.P.)



Dr. K.V. Subba Reddy Institute of Pharmacy

(Approved by AICTE, P.C.I. New Delhi & Permanently Affiliated to JNTUA Anantapuramu, MOU with Government General Hospital & KMC, Kurnool) Opp: Dupadu R.S., N.H - 44, KURNOOL - 518 218, A.P. INDIA.

E-mail: principalkvsrip@gmail.com www.drkvsrip.ac.in

Principal / Correspondent

Date :

Department of B. Pharmacy Attendance for Remedial Classes

Course Name: MOOCS-I

Year: III - I

Course Faculty: K.SARA SIRISHA

A.Y: 2020-21

S. No.	Roll No.	21-09-2020	28-09-2020	05-10-2020	12-10-2020	19-10-2020	26-10-2020
1	18ER1R0008				X	V	V
2	18ER1R0015	×			/	1	V
3	18ER1R0017	-	1	×	/	V	
4	18ER1R0018			1	V	×	1
5	18ER1R0034		/	Y	X	1	4
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Opp: Dupadu R.S. M.A. 44



Dr. K.V. Subba Reddy Institute of Pharmacy

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E-mail: principalkvsrip@gmail.comwww.drkvsrip.ac.in

Principal / Correspondent

Date	
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Department of B.PHARMACY Attendance for Remedial Classes

Course Name: MC-I

Year: III - I

Course Faculty: R.MOHANA PRIYA

A.Y: 2020-21

S. No.	Roll No.	22-09-2020	29-9-2020	06-10-2020	13-10-2020	20-10-2020	27-10-2020
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Principal / Correspondent

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Department of B.PHARMACY

Attendance for Remedial Classes

Course Name: NDDS

Year: IV- I

Course Faculty: DR.B.V.RAMANA

A.Y: 2020-21

S. No.	Roll No.	21-09-2020	28-09-2020	05-10-2020	12-10-2020	19-10-2020	26-10-2020
1	17ER1R0008			1			
2	17ER1R0044	/	1	X			
3	17ER1R0059	1				1	1
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5	17ER1R0065	V	-	L	1		1/
6	17ER1R0069	1					
7	17ER1R0077	1/	1/	1/		1/	1/
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Dr. K.V.S.B. PRINCIPAT harmacy

Opp: Dupadu R.S. N.H.-44

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Principal	/ Corres	pondent
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Date :

Department of B. Pharmacy Attendance for Remedial Classes

Course Name: MC-II

Year: IV-I

Course Faculty: DR.K.CHANDRA SEKHAR

A.Y: 2020-21

S. No.	Roll No.	22-09-2020	29-9-2020	06-10-2020	13-10-2020	20-10-2020	27-10-2020
1	17ER1R0008	/		×			~
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5	17ER1R0065	/	V		×	V	
6	17ER1R0069	~	V	×	-		~
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E-mail: principalkvsrip@gmail.comwww.drkvsrip.ac.in

Principal / Correspondent

Date :

Department of Pham .D Timetable for Remedial Classes

Year & Sem: II

Academic Year: 2020-21

Day	Timings	Faculty	Subject	Venue	Cian
Monday	5:00PM - 6:00PM	Dr.SRIRAM	PT-I	Room No	Sign
Tuesday	5:00PM - 6:00PM	R.JONA METHUSALA	COL-I		Tim

Year & Sem: III

Academic Year: 2020-21

Timings	Faculty	Subject	Venue	Sign
5:00PM - 6:00PM	S.KUSUMA KUMARI	PT-II		Name of the state
5:00PM - 6:00PM	R.MOHANA PRIYA	MC-I		11 01
	5:00PM - 6:00PM	Timings Faculty 5:00PM - 6:00PM S.KUSUMA KUMARI 5:00PM - 6:00PM R.MOHANA PRIYA	5:00PM - 6:00PM S.KUSUMA KUMARI PT-II	5:00PM - 6:00PM S.KUSUMA KUMARI PT-II Room No

Year & Sem: IV

Academic Year: 2020-21

Day	Timings	Faculty	Subject	Venue	Sign
Monday	5:00PM - 6:00PM	Dr.K.VENNELA	PT-III	Room No.	Naigh
Tuesday	5:00PM - 6:00PM	R.MOHANA PRIYA	MC-II	Room No.	adhrive.

PRINCIPAL Dr. K.V.S.R/Institute of Pharmacy Opp: Dupadu R.S. N.H.-44

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Principal / Correspondent

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Date	
male.	****************

Department of Pharm.D

Attendance for Remedial Classes

Course Name: PT-I

Year: II

Course Faculty: Dr. SRIRAM

A.Y: 2020-21

S. No.	Roll No.	21-09-2020	28-09-2020	05-10-2020	12-10-2020	19-10-2020	26-10-2020
1	19ER1T0005						
2	19ER1T0015	- /	×	~			
3	19ER1T0018					/	
4	19ER1T0021			X		/	
5	19ER1T0024	1		×	4	V	V
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Dr. K.V. J. PRINCIPALIA macy Opp: Dupactu R.S. N.H.-44 KURN@OL-518218 (A P)

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Principal / Correspondent

Date						
Date						
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Department of Pharm .D

Attendance for Remedial Classes

Course Name: PHARMACOLOGY-1

Year: II

Course Faculty: R.JONA METHUSALA

A.Y: 2020-21

S. No.	Roll No.	22-09-2020	29-9-2020	06-10-2020	13-10-2020	00.40	
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Dr. K.V.S.R. Institute of Pharmacy KURNOOL-518218 (A.P.)

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Principal / Correspondent

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Department of Pharm .D Attendance for Remedial Classes

Course Name: PT-II

Year: III

Course Faculty: DR.S.KUSUMA KUMARI

A.Y: 2020-21

S. No.	Roll No.	21-09-2020	28-09-2020	05-10-2020	13 10 2020		
1			2020	03-10-2020	12-10-2020	19-10-2020	26-10-2020
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PRINCIPAL Dr. K.V.S.R. Institute of Pharmacy Opp: Dupadu R.S. N.H.-44, KURNOOL-518218 (A.P.)

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Dr. K.V. Subba Reddy Institute of Pharmacy

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Principal / Correspondent

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Department of PHARM.D

Attendance for Remedial Classes

Course Name: MC-I

Year: III

Course Faculty: R.MOHANAPRIYA

A.Y: 2020-21

S. No.	Roll No.	22-09-2020	29-9-2020	06 40 2020			
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Dr. K.V.SPRINCIPAL Pharmacy Opp: Dupadu R.S. h. KURNOOL-518218 (A.F.)

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Dr. K.V. Subba Reddy Institute of Pharmacy

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Principal / Correspondent

Dat-			
Date	0	 	

Department of Pharm.D Attendance for Remedial Classes

Course Name: PT-III

Year: IV

Course Faculty: Dr.K.VENNELA

A.Y: 2020-21

S. No.	Roll No.	21-09-2020	28-09-2020	05 10 500			
-		2020	20-09-2020	05-10-2020	12-10-2020	19-10-2020	26-10-2020
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Dr. K.V.S.R. Institute of Pharmacy Opp: Dupadu R.S. N.H.-44, KURNOOL-518218 (A.P.)

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Dr. K.V. Subba Reddy Institute of Pharmacy

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Principal / Correspondent

Date	:			

Department of Pharm.D

Attendance for Remedial Classes

Course Name: MC-II

Year: IV

Course Faculty: R.MOHANAPRIYA

A.Y: 2020-21

S. No.	Roll No.	22-09-2020	29-9-2020				
1		2020	23-9-2020	06-10-2020	13-10-2020	20-10-2020	27-10-2020
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Jr. K.V.S.R**PRINCIPAL** harmacy Opp: Dupadu R.S. N.H.-44, KURNOOL-518218 (A.P.)



Dr. K.V. Subba Reddy Institute of Pharmacy

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Principal / Correspondent	Princi	pal /	Corres	pon	dent
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Date	4	
Date		

Department of B. Pharmacy

Following are the students from B. Pharmacy II, III & IV years II semester who need to attend remedial classes without fail.

		II Year II Sem		
19ER1R0008	19ER1R0014	19ER1R0020	19ER1R0021	19ER1R0022
19ER1R0036	19ER1R0039	19ER1R0049	19ER1R0060	19ER1R0070

OTTO A DOCUMENT		III Year II Sen		
18ER1R0001	18ER1R0008	18ER1R0015	18ER1R0017	18ER1R0018
8ER1R0034				1021(11(0016

ALD ID CO.		IV Year II Sem		
7ER1R0008	17ER1R0044	17ER1R00059	17ER1R0062	17ER1R0065
17ER1R0069	17ER1R0077		Quin-	

Tr. K.V.S.R. Institute of Pharmacy Opp: Dupadu R.S. N.H. 44. KURNOOL-518218 (A.P.)

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Dr. K.V. Subba Reddy Institute of Pharmacy

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Principal / Correspondent

Date :

Department of B.Pharmacy

Timetable for Remedial Classes

Year & Sem: II - II

Academic Year: 2020-21

Day	Timings	Faculty	0.11		
Monday		P.NAVYA KRISHNA	Subject	Venue	Sign
-			OC	Room No.102	Digit
Tuesday	5:00PM - 6:00PM	R.MOHANA PRIYA	77.0		
	11000	THEFT	BC	Room No.102	AATO

Year & Sem: III - II

Academic Year: 2020-21

Day	Timings	Faculty	0.11		
Monday	5:00PM - 6:00PM	DV DAME	Subject	Venue	Sign
-			BPPK	Room No.103	1/18
Tuesday	5:00PM - 6:00PM	K.SARA SIREESHA	-		
			PA	Room No.103	01

Year & Sem: IV - II

Academic Year: 2020-21

Day Timings Faculty Subject Monday Venue Sign 5:00PM - 6:00PM P.T.NAGARAJU MOOCS-Room No.104 III

> Dr. K.V.S. APRINCIPAL harmacy Opp: Dupadu R.S. N.H.-44 KURNOOL-518218 (A.P.)

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Principal / Correspondent

1000		
Date	:	

Department of B. Pharmacy

Attendance for Remedial Classes

Course Name: OC

Year: II -II

Course Faculty: P.NAVYA KRISHNA

A.Y: 2020-21

S. No.	Roll No.	22-03-2021	29-03-2021	05-04-2021	12-04-2021	10.04.0001	
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Dr. K.V. Subba Reddy Institute of Pharmacy

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Princ	ipal /	Corresi	ondent
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Date	1	*******************

Department of B.Pharmacy

Attendance for Remedial Classes

Course Name: BC

Year: II -II

Course Faculty: R.MOHANA PRIYA

A.Y: 2020-21

S. No.	Roll No.	23-03-2021	30-03-2021	06.04.005			
1	19ER1R0008		00-05-2021	06-04-2021	13-04-2021	20-04-2021	27-04-202
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3	19ER1R0020		-		×	1	-
4	19ER1R0021	V	V	×	1		
5	19ER1R0022		×			-	
6	19ER1R0036				~		
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Dr. K.V. Subba Reddy Institute of Pharmacy

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Date :

Department of B. Pharmacy

Attendance for Remedial Classes

Course Name: BPPK

Year: III-II

Course Faculty: B .V.RAMANA

A.Y: 2020-21

S. No.	Roll No.	22-03-2021	29-03-2021	05-04-2021			
1			25 00 2021	05-04-2021	12-04-2021	19-04-2021	26-04-2021
1	18ER1R0001	V	×				
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Dr. K.V.S.PRINCIPAL Pharmacy Opp: Dupadu R.S. N.H.-44, KURNOOL-518218 (A.P.)

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Dr. K.V. Subba Reddy Institute of Pharmacy

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Principal / Correspondent

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Department of B. Pharmacy Attendance for Remedial Classes

Course Name: PA

Year: III-II

Course Faculty: K.SARA SIRISHA

A.Y: 2020-21

S. No.	Roll No.	23-03-2021	30-03-2021	06-04-2021	13-04-2021	20-04-2021	27-04-2021
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Dr. K. VPRINCIPAL Opp: Dupadu R.S. N.H.-44, KURNOOL-518218 (A.P.)

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Dr. K.V. Subba Reddy Institute of Pharmacy

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Principa	/ Corresp	ondent

Date		
Date:	*********	

Department of B. Pharmacy

Attendance for Remedial Classes

Course Name: MOOCS-III

Year: IV-II

Course Faculty: P.T.NAGARAJU

A.Y: 2020-21

S. No.	Roll No.	22-03-2021	29-03-2021	05-04-2021	12-04-2021	19-04-2021	26.04.2024
1	17ER1R0008					17-04-2021	26-04-2021
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Principal / (Correspondent
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Date :

Department of Pharm.D

Following are the students from Pharm.D II, III & IV years semester who need to attend remedial classes without fail.

407373.4777.0		II Year		
19ER1T0005	19ER1T0015	19ER1T0018	19ER1T0021	19ER1T0024
19ER1T0025	19ER1T0027	19ER1T0029		17111110024

d Danne		III Year		
18ER1T0003	18ER1T0014	18ER1T0019	18ER1T0027	

IV Year

17ER1T0018	4.0000			
1/EK110018	17ER1T0023	17ER1T0025	17ER1T0026	

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Date			
Date			
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Department of PHARM.D

Timetable for Remedial Classes

Year & Sem: II

Academic Year: 2020-21

Day	Timings	To			
Monday	0	S.KUSUMA KUMARI	Subject	Venue	Sign
			A A	Room No.102	2
Tuesday	5:00PM - 6:00PM	R.JONA METHUSALA	PCOL	Room No.102	
			1008	Room No.102	MI

Year & Sem: III

Academic Year: 2020-21

Day	Timings	1714	1		
Monday		Faculty	Subject	Venue	Sign
-		R.MOHANAPRIYA	MC	Room No.103	1001
Tuesday	5:00PM - 6:00PM	K.SARA SIRISHA	T) A		FINA
			PA	Room No.103	T 142

Year & Sem: IV

Academic Year: 2020-21

Day	Timina				
- N	Timings	Faculty	Subject	Vanna	71
Monday	5:00PM - 6:00PM	D ANDIDADITA		Venue	Sign
	0.00F W	I.ANUKADHA	BIOSTATS	Room No.104	ATT
					4517

Opp: Dupade K.S. NURNOOL ST 6218 (A.P.)

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PACE TO SERVICE		
Date		

Department of Pharm.D

Attendance for Remedial Classes

Course Name: PT

Year: II

Course Faculty: S.KUSUMA KUMARI

A.Y: 2020-21

S. No.	Roll No.	22-03-2021	29-03-2021	05-04-2021	12-04-2021	19-04-2021	26-04-2021
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Date	ì	 	 	

Department of Pharm.D

Attendance for Remedial Classes

Course Name: P.COL

Year: III

Course Faculty: R.JONA METHUSALA

A.Y: 2020-21

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Cell: 9704 333 789 . 9177287508

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Department of Pharm.D

Attendance for Remedial Classes

Course Name: MC

Year: III

Course Faculty: R.MOHANA PRIYA

A.Y: 2020-21

S. No.	Roll No.	22-03-2021	29-03-2021	05-04-2021	12-04-2021	19-04-2021	26-04-2021
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Date :

Department of Pharm.D Attendance for Remedial Classes

Course Name: PA

Year: III

Course Faculty: K.SARA SIRISHA

A.Y: 2020-21

S. No.	Roll No.	23-03-2021	30-03-2021	06-04-2021	13 04 2024		
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Department of Pharm.D

Attendance for Remedial Classes

Course Name: BIO STATISTICS

Year: IV

Course Faculty: P.ANURADHA

A.Y: 2020-21

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Date :

Department of Pharmacy

Laboratory Sessions

Branch: B. Pharmacy Regulation: R19



Fig 1.1 Experimental lab on Titration in Pharmaceutical Analysis laboratory

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Fig 1.2 Blood sample Analysis in Human Anatomy and Physiology Laboratory

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Department of Pharmacy

Laboratory Sessions

Branch: Pharm.D Regulation: R19

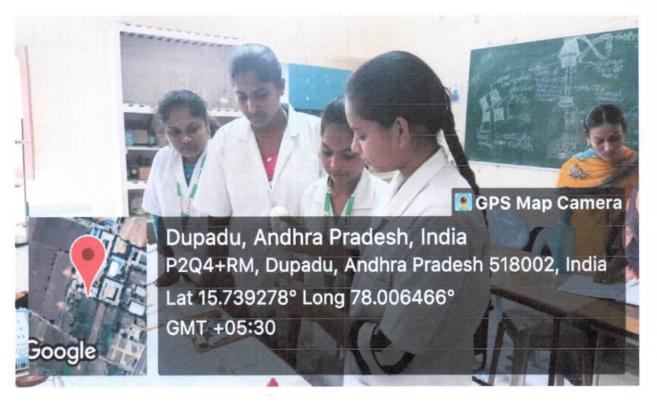


Fig 1.3 Experimental lab on limit test in Pharmaceutical Inorganic Chemistry lab

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Fig 1.4 Identification Test in Pharmacognosy and Phytochemistry Laboratory

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Pharma Quiz

The Department of Pharmacy has conducted a **Pharma Quiz Competition** in the college auditorium on 22nd July 2020 under Pharmacy students Chapter in which four different teams with five participants in each group gave tough battle to each other. Dr.B.Vijay Garu presented mementos to the winners.



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Fig 1: Presenting Mementos to the winners by Principal

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Department of Pharmacy

Think Pair Share Session

AY: 2020-21

Think-Pair-Share (TPS) is a cooperative learning activity that can work in varied size classrooms and in any subject. Instructors pose a question, students first THINK to themselves prior to being instructed to discuss their response with a person sitting near them (PAIR).

In other words, Think-pair-share (TPS) is a collaborative learning strategy where students work together to solve a problem or answer a question about an assigned reading. This strategy requires students to (1) think individually about a topic or answer to a question; and (2) share ideas with classmates. Discussing with a partner maximizes participation, focuses attention and engages students in comprehending the reading material.

- It helps students to think individually about a topic or answer to a question.
- It teaches students to share ideas with classmates and builds oral communication skills.
- It helps focus attention and engage students in comprehending the reading material.

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Fig.1: Students during a Think Pair Share Session

Batch of B.Pharmacy students attended the session conducted on 18/6/2021.

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CLUB ACTIVITIES:

This club activities is organized by students as well as faculty members is to promote & enhance activity in educational institution .this kind of activities empower the students analytical interpretation skills. It provide familiarize members with emerging trends in the field of pharmacy. It provide environment for learning inter disciplinary academic research.



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Cell: +919440282181, +919704333789
Fax: 08518-287618

DATE:18/01/2020

DEPARTMENT OF PHARMACY (2020-2021)

CIRCULAR

All the faculty and students here by informed that Work Shop on Training and Handling of experimental Animalswill be conducted for III- & IV-year B. pharmacy students on 20/01/2020 to 21/01/2020 as per the following schedule. All the faculty & students are instructed to note the same and attend the classes as per the schedule.

Copy to faculty members

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PROBLEM SOLVING METHODS:

Dr.K.V.Subba Reddy institute of pharmacy conducted Two days training on handling of experimental animals for B.Pharmacy II& III Year students on 20/01/2020 to 21/01/2020. This presentation accounts for handling ,caring ,feeding ,common infections ,different routes of injection & disposal of laboratory animals. This workshop is very helpful to acquire knowledge, conceptual understanding, and skills to solve problems and make informed decision in scientific context. Eminent speaker B.ARUNA Madam ,M. Pharmacy, Assistant professor Department of Pharmacology.



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VIRTUAL LABS:

Virtual labs are used to provide remote asses to stimulation based labs in various disciplines of sciences and pharmacy departments. By using these virtual labs to enthuse students to conduct experiments by arousing their curiosity. This would help them in learning basic & advanced concepts through remote experimentation. This would help them to provide complete learning management system around the virtual labs where the students/ teachers can avail the various tools for learning, including additional web resources, video lectures, animated demonstrations and self examinations.



B.Pharmacy III Year students participative learning in pharmacology -1 laboratory





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PHARM.D III Year students participative learning in pharmacology laboratory



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